=> FILE HCAPLUS

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:45:41 ON 30 JUL 1999 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 1999 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

Copyright of the articles to which records in this database refer is held by the publishers listed in the PUBLISHER (PB) field (available for records published or updated in Chemical Abstracts after December 26, 1996), unless otherwise indicated in the original publications.

FILE COVERS 1967 - 30 Jul 1999 VOL 131 ISS 5 FILE LAST UPDATED: 30 Jul 1999 (19990730/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

This file supports REG1stRY for direct browsing and searching of all substance data from the REGISTRY file. Enter HELP FIRST for Compounds from Table I more information.

=> D OUE L73

L1	1	SEA FILE=LREGISTRY ABB=ON STEARYL ALCOHOL/CN
L2	1	SEA FILE=LREGISTRY ABB=ON "DIETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL
		ETHER"/CN
L3	1	SEA FILE=LREGISTRY ABB=ON "DIETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOETHYL
		ETHER"/CN
L4	1	SEA FILE=LREGISTRY ABB=ON 2-ETHYL-1-HEXANOL/CN
L5	1	SEA FILE=LREGISTRY ABB=ON TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ALCOHOL/CN
L7	1	SEA FILE=LREGISTRY ABB=ON "2,2-DIMETHYLPROPYL ALCOHOL"/CN
L8	1	SEA FILE=LREGISTRY ABB=ON 2-PHENOXYETHANOL/CN
L9	1	SEA FILE=LREGISTRY ABB=ON N-HEXANOL/CN
L10	1	SEA FILE=LREGISTRY ABB=ON OLEYL ALCOHOL/CN
L11	1	SEA FILE=LREGISTRY ABB=ON DIETHYLENE GLYCOL/CN
L12	1	SEA FILE=LREGISTRY ABB=ON "TRIS(2-HYDROXYETHYL) ISOCYANURATE"/
		CN
L13	1	SEA FILE=LREGISTRY ABB=ON STEARIC ACID/CN
L14	1	SEA FILE=LREGISTRY ABB=ON 2-ETHYLHEXANOIC ACID/CN
L15		SEA FILE=LREGISTRY ABB=ON BENZOIC ACID/CN
L16	1	SEA FILE=LREGISTRY ABB=ON ACETAMIDE/CN
L20	1	SEA FILE=LREGISTRY ABB=ON 6-UNDECANONE/CN
L25	1	SEA FILE=LREGISTRY ABB=ON 2-TRIDECANONE/CN
L26	1	SEA FILE=LREGISTRY ABB=ON "P-TOLUENESULFONIC ACID"/CN
L27	1	SEA FILE=LREGISTRY ABB=ON CAPROLACTAM/CN
L28	1	SEA FILE=LREGISTRY ABB=ON UREA/CN
L29	1	SEA FILE=LREGISTRY ABB=ON "OLEYL ALCOHOL"/CN
L31	20	SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON (L1 OR L2 OR L3 OR L4 OR L5) OR (L7
		OR L8 OR L9 OR L10 OR L11 OR L12 OR L13 OR L14 OR L15 OR L16)
		OR L20 OR L25 OR L26 OR (L27 OR L28 OR L29)
L32	25	SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON C35H70O/MF
L33	10	SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L32 AND ONE
L35	1	SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L33 AND 18(W)PENTATRIACON?
L37	1	SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON "BENZENESULFONAMIDE, N-BUTYL-4-METHYL
		-"/CN
L38	1	SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON "BENZENESULFONAMIDE, N-ETHYL-4-METHYL
		-"/CN
L39	1	SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON "BENZYL ETHYL ETHER"/CN
L40	1	SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON "ETHYL HEXYL ETHER"/CN
L46	2521	SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON C10H13NO2/MF
L47	516	SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L46 AND 1/NR AND ETHYL
na (210	OPT TIPE-VEGICIAL VAR-ON FIG VAR TANK VAR FILLE

```
L48*
             16 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON
                                          L47 AND CARBAMATE
L49
              2 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON
                                          L48 AND PHENYLMETHYL
L50
              1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON
                                          L49 AND ETHYL(W)ESTER
L51
             26 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON
                                          L31 OR L35 OR L37 OR L38 OR L39 OR
                L40 OR L50
         136470 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L51
L52
                                         L52 AND PHOTOSENSIT?
L53
            929 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON
L54
            479 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON
                                         L53 AND (RESIN# OR POLYMER#)
L55
            318 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON
                                         L54 AND COMPOSITI?
L57
             73 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON
                                         L55 AND (WT OR WEIGHT)
L58
              1 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON
                                         L55 AND (WT OR WEIGHT) (5A) RANGE?
L59
              O SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON
                                         L55 AND (WT OR WEIGHT) (5A) 001
L60
              1 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON
                                         L55 AND (WT OR WEIGHT)(S)RANGE?
L61
           2977 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON
                                         L52(L) (WT OR WEIGHT)
L62
              2 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON
                                         L55 AND L61
           3293 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON
                                         L52(L)TEM/RL
L63
             17 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON
L64
                                         L55 AND L63
             35 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON
                                         L55 AND (NEG OR NEGATIVE?)
L65
              9 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON
                                         L65 AND L57
L66
L67
              2 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON
                                         L55 AND "001"
              4 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON
                                          L55 AND "04"
L71
                                          L55 AND "047"
L72
              O SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON
L73
             34 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON
                                          (L58 OR L59 OR L60) OR L62 OR L64 OR
             ─ L66 OR L67 OR L71 OR L72
```

=> D L73 1-34 BIB ABS IND HITSTR

```
ANSWER 1 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 1999 ACS
L73
AN
     1999:355686 HCAPLUS
DN
     131:11543
ΤI
     Photosensitive resin composition
     Kosaka, Eiji; Murakami, Shigeru
ΙN
PA
     Nichigo Morton Co Ltd, Japan
SO
     Eur. Pat. Appl., 15 pp.
     CODEN: EPXXDW
DT
    Patent
LA
     English
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND
                            DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO.
                                                            DATE
     EP 919870
                      A1
                            19990602
                                           EP 98-309562
PΤ
                                                            19981123
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FX, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO
     JP 11167203
                      A2
                            19990622
                                           JP 97-347112
                                                            19971201
PRAI JP 97-347112
                      19971201
    A photosensitive resin compr. with excellent
     sensitivity and adhesion as well as high resoln. and plating resistance
     comprises (A) a polymer contg. carboxyl groups, (B) a compd.
     contg. at least one ethy/ene-based unsatd. group in the mol., and (C) a
     photopolymn. initiator. / Component (B) contains at least 60 wt.% of
    methacrylate, contg. at least one ethylene-based unsatd. group, with
     respect to the total Amt. of component (B). The amt. of component (C) is
     in the range of 0.01/20 wt. parts per 100 wt
     . parts of components (A) and (B), and component (C) contains 2-5
     wt. parts of a lophine dimer and 0.1-2.0 wt. parts of
     triphenylphosphine per 100 wt. parts of components (A) and (B).
     ICM G03F007-027/
IC
     74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other
     Reprographic Processes)
ST
     photosensitive compn adhesive photoresist solder mask;
     carboxyl polymer photoresist solder mask
ΙT
     Photoresists
        (contg. carboxyl group-contg. polymers, ethylenically unsatd.
```

```
compds., and photopolymn. initiators)
IT
     Solder resists
        (photopolymerizable compns. contg. carboxyl group-contg.
      polymers and ethylenically unsatd. compds. for)
IT
     Photoimaging materials
        (photopolymerizable; contg. carboxyl group-contg. polymers
        and ethylenically unsatd. compds.)
IT
                  41637-38-1, Ethoxylated Bisphenol A dimethacrylate
     38056-88-1
     45314-30-5, Nonaethylene glycol dimethacrylate
                                                       57491-53-9, Nonaethylene
     glycol diacrylate
                         209273-29-0
                                        225643-17-4
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (photopolymerizable compns. for resist pattern formation contg.
        carboxyl group-contg. polymers and)
     88-99-3, 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, uses
IT
                                                    90-93-7,
     4,4'-Diethylaminobenzophenone 104-15-4, p-Toluenesulfonic acid,
                                           569-64-2, Malachite green
            119-61-9, Benzophenone, uses
                                   603-35-0, Triphenylphosphine, uses
     602-56-2, 9-Phenylacridine
                                       1707-68-2, 2,2'-Bis(o-chlorophenyl)-
     603-48-5, Leuco crystal violet
     4,5,4',5'-tetraphenyl-1,1'-biimidazole
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (photopolymerizable compns. for resist pattern formation contg.
        carboxyl group-contg. polymers, ethylenically unsatd. compds.
        and)
IT
     25035-89-6, Butyl acrylate-2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate-methacrylic
     acid-methyl methacrylate copolymer
                                         25085-34-1, Acrylic acid-styrene
     copolymer
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (photopolymerizable compns. for resist pattern formation contg.
        ethylenically unsatd. compds. and)
ΙT
     104-15-4, p-Toluenesulfonic acid, uses
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (photopolymerizable compns. for resist pattern formation contg.
        carboxyl group-contg. polymers, ethylenically unsatd. compds.
RN
     104-15-4 HCAPLUS
     Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-methyl- (9CI)
CN
                                             (CA INDEX NAME)
             Me
HO3S
                              COPYRIGHT 1999 ACS
L73
    ANSWER 2 OF 34 HCAPLUS
AN
     1999:193911
                 HCAPLUS
DN
     130:215897
     Positive photosensitive composition for use with
ΤI
     infrared laser
     Kawauchi, Ikuo; Kimura, Takeshi
IN
PA
     Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
     Eur. Pat. Appl., 43 pp.
SO
     CODEN: EPXXDW
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
FAN.CNT 1
                      KIND
                             DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
     PATENT NO.
                                                             DATE
                             19990317
ΡI
     EP 901902
                                            EP 98-117286
                                                             19980911
                             19990324
     EP 901902
                     CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             AT, BE,
             IE, SI,
                     L/T, LV, FI, RO
```

```
JP 11084657
                             19990326
                                            JP 97-248889
                       A2
                                                              19970912
PRAI JP 97-248889
                      19970912
     JP 97-259703
                      19970925
     JP 98-132365
                      19980514
     JP 98-229099
                      19980813
     MARPAT 130:215897
AB
     A pos. photosensitive compn. for use with an IR laser
     for prepg. a lithog. plate comprises at least one aq. alkali soln.-sol.
     polymer (A) having at least one group selected from phenolic
     hydroxy groups, sulfonamido groups, and active imido groups, a compd.
     which has an I/O value (a measure of hydrophilicity and hydrophobicity) of
     Y satisfying the relationship 0.05.ltoreq.X-Y.ltoreq.0.5 wherein X is an
     I/O value for the polymer A and which is compatible with the
     polymer A, thereby lowering the soly. of the polymer A
in an aq. alkali soln., the effect of lowering the soly. being reduced by
     heating, and a compd. which generates heat upon absorbing light.
     photosensitive compn. does not contain any compd. having
     a thermal decompn. temp. of 150.degree. or less. Alternatively, the
     photosensitive compn. may comprise a compd. which
     generates heat upon absorbing light, an aq. alkali soln.-sol.
     polymer having a phenolic hydroxy group, and a compd. represented
     by R1COXR2 wherein X represents O, S, or NR3, R1 represents an alkyl or
     alkenyl group which has 6-32 carbon atoms, R2 and R3 each represents a
     hydrogen atom or an alkyl, alkenyl, or aryl group which has 1-18 carbon
     atoms.
IC
     ICM B41C001-10
     ICS B41M005-36
     74-6 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other
CC
     Reprographic Processes)
ST
     pos photosensitive compn IR lithog plate
IT
     Lithographic plates
        (pos. IR-sensitive photosensitive compns. contg. aq. alkali
        soln.-sol. polymers for prepn. of)
ΙT
     Photoimaging materials
        (pos. IR-sensitive; contg. aq. alkali soln.-sol. polymers for
        lithog. plate prepn.)
                                    112-85-6, Behenic acid
IT
     57-11-4, Stearic acid, uses
                                                              123-95-5,
     Butyl stearate 127-63-9, Diphenyl sulfone
                                                    334-48-5, Capric acid
                                  3061-75-4, Behenic amide
     637-55-8, Phenyl stearate
                                                             5303-25-3, Dodecyl
                27029-76-1, m-Cresol-p-cresol-formaldehyde copolymer
     stearate
                              134127-48-3
     69415-30-1
                  71284-81-6
                                              220874-64-6
                                                            220874-66-8
     220874-68-0
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (pos. IR-sensitive photosensitive compns. for lithog. plate
        prepn. contg.)
ΙT
     124996-93-6P, N-(p-Aminosulfonylphenyl)methacrylamide-acrylonitrile-ethyl
     methacrylate copolymer
                             220874-62-4P, N-(p-Hydroxyphenyl)methacrylamide-
     acrylonitrile-ethyl methacrylate copolymer
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (prepn. and use in pos. IR-sensitive photosensitive compns.
        for lithog. plate prepn.)
     57-11-4, Stearic acid, uses
TΤ
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (pos. IR-sensitive photosensitive compns. for lithog. plate
        prepn. contq.)
RN
     57-11-4 HCAPLUS
     Octadecanoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
```

 HO_2C^- (CH₂)₁₆-Me

LEE 09/262077

Page 5

```
ANSWER 3 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 1999 ACS
L73
AN
     1998:344423 HCAPLUS
DN
     129:21496
ΤI
     Photosensitive composition
     Kawamura, Koichi; Watanabe, Noriaki
ΙN
PA
     Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
SO
     Eur. Pat. Appl., 76 pp.
     CODEN: EPXXDW
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
FAN.CNT 1
                            DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND
                             _____
     EP 843218
                      A1
                             19980520
                                            EP 97-119923
                                                              1/9971113
PΙ
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU
                                                              NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, FI
     JP 10142778
                       Α2
                             19980529
                                            JP 96-303354
                                                              19961114
                                                              19961127
     JP 10161303
                       Α2
                             19980619
                                            JP 96-316517
     JP 10186640
                       A2
                             19980714
                                            JP 96-34374ø
                                                              19961224
     JP 10186642
                       A2
                             19980714
                                            JP 96-348526
                                                              19961226
PRAI JP 96-303354
                       19961114
     JP 96-316517
                       19961127
     JP 96-343740
                       19961224
     JP 96-348526
                      19961226
     Disclosed is a pos.-working photosensitive compn. suited for lithog. plate prepn. comprising a specific fluorine-contg.
AB
     copolymer. The pos. working photosensitive compn. has
     not only an ability to form a highly contrasty image but also an ability
     to inhibit halation, a satisfactory safe light tolerance and a wide
     development latitude, without lowering the sensitivity.
IC
     ICM G03F007-023
     ICS G03F007-004
     74-6 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other
CC
     Reprographic Processes)
     pos photoimaging compn lithog plate fluoropolymer
ST
ΙT
     Photoimaging materials
        (contg. fluorine-contg. copolymers for manuf. of lithog. plates)
IT
     Fluoropolymers, uses
     RL: DEV (Device component used; TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); USES (Uses)
        (lithog. plate prepn. from pos. photoimaging compns. contg.)
IT
     Lithographic plates
        (photosensitive compns/contg. fluorine-contg. copolymers for
        manuf. of)
     Phenolic resins
ΙT
     RL: DEV (Device component use); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); USES (Uses)
        (novolak, novolak; / lithog. plate prepn. from pos. photoimaging compns.
        contg. fluoropolymers and)
                   207792-93-6
IT
     207792-86-7
                                  207792-95-8
                                                207792-97-0
                                                               207792-98-1
                   2077/3-00-8
                                  207793-01-9
     207792-99-2
     RL: DEV (Device component use); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); USES (Uses/
        (lithog. plate prepn. from pos. photoimaging compns. contg.)
     65-85-0, Benzoic acid, uses 85-43-8 87-66-1, Pyrogallol
IT
     9086-40-2, Formaldehyde-octylphenol copolymer
                                                     25086-36-6,
     m-Cresol-formaldehyde copolymer 38333-84-5, Acetone-pyrogallol copolymer
                  68584-99-6
                                115168-59-7, 4-[p-N, N-
     68510-93-0
     Bis(ethoxycarbonylmethyl)aminophenyl]-2,6-bis(trichloromethyl)-s-triazine
     117283-53-1
                   153273-61-1
                                  207793-03-1
                                                207793-05-3
                   207793-10-0
                                  207793-12-2
                                                207793-14-4
     207793-09-7
     RL: DEV (Device component use); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); USES (Uses)
        (lithog. plate prepn. from pos. photoimaging compns. contg.
                           KATHLEEN FULLER STIC LIBRARY 308-4290
```

```
fluoropolymers and)
IT
     9003-35-4, Formaldehyde-phenol copolymer
                                                9016-83-5, Cresol-formaldehyde
    copolymer
    RL: DEV (Device component use); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); USES (Uses)
        (novolak; lithog. plate prepn. from pos. photoimaging compns. contg.
        fluoropolymers and)
IT
     207792-85-6P
                    207792-88-9P
                                   207792-89-0P
                                                  207792-91-4P
    RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM
     (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (prepn. and use in pos. photoimaging compns. for lithog. plate prepn.)
     65-85-0, Benzoic acid, uses
IT
    RL: DEV (Device component use); TEM (Technical or engineered material
    use); USES (Uses)
        (lithog. plate prepn. from pos. photoimaging compns. contg.
        fluoropolymers and)
     65-85-0 HCAPLUS
RN
    Benzoic acid (7CI, 8CI, 9CI)
CN
                                  (CA INDEX NAME)
         OH
```

```
L73
    ANSWER 4 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 1999 ACS
     1998:184467 HCAPLUS
AN
DN
     128:277142
ΤI
     Photosensitive resin composition useful in
     production of flexographic printing plate
IN
     Kawahara, Keizo; Watanabe, Osamu; Imahashi, Satoshi
PA
     Toyobo Co., Ltd., Japan
     Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp.
SO
     CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
     Patent
LA
     Japanese
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                    KIND DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO.
                                                            DATE
                      ____
                                           _____
     JP 10078657
                      A2
                           19980324
                                           JP 96-233494
PΤ
                                                            19960903
AΒ
     Title compn. contains (a) a hydrophobic polymer having
     a glass transition temp. of .ltoreq.5.degree., (b) a hydrophilic
     polymer, (c) an ethylenically unsatd. compd., (d) a compd. having
     m.p. 40-200.degree., and (e) a photopolymn. initiator. The compn
     . useful as a water-developable flexog. printing resin shows
     high elasticity, water developability, water (ink) resistance,
     processability, and storage stability.
     ICM G03F007-033
TC
     ICS C09D005-00; G03F007-00; G03F007-004; G03F007-027
     74-6 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other
CC
     Reprographic Processes)
     Section cross-reference(s): 38, 39
     photosensitive polymer elastomer flexog printing
ST
     plate; water developable flexog printing photosensitive
     polymer
IT
     Chlorinated polyethylene rubber
     RL: DEV (Device component use); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); USES (Uses)
        (Elaslen 301MA; water-developable photosensitive
      resin compn. for flexog. printing plate)
```

IT -Butadiene rubber, uses RL: DEV (Device component use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (JSR-BR 02LL; water-developable photosensitive resin compn. for flexog. printing plate) TT Butyl rubber, uses RL: DEV (Device component use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (JSR-Butyl 365; water-developable photosensitive resin compn. for flexog. printing plate) TT Nitrile rubber, uses RL: DEV (Device component use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (JSR-NBR-N 234L; water-developable photosensitive resin compn. for flexog. printing plate) ΙT Polyurethanes, preparation RL: DEV (Device component use); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (acrylic; water-developable photosensitive resin compn. for flexog. printing plate) Styrene-butadiene rubber, uses TT RL: DEV (Device component use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (block, triblock, Kraton 1101; water-developable photosensitive resin compn. for flexog. printing plate) IT Butadiene rubber, uses RL: DEV (Device component use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (carboxy-terminated, Hycar CTB 2000X162; water-developable photosensitive resin compn. for flexog. printing plate) IT EPDM rubber RL: DEV (Device component use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (ethylene-ethylidenenorbornene-propene, JSR-EP 51; water-developable photosensitive resin compn. for flexog. printing plate) Flexographic printing plates IT (photosensitive; water-developable photosensitive resin compn. for flexog. printing plate) TT Nitrile rubber, preparation RL: DEV (Device component use); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (piperazine group-terminated, Hycar ATBN 1300X16, polymers with HDI, dimethylolpropionic acid, polyoxytetramethylene glycol, and hydroxyethyl methacrylate, salts; water-developable photosensitive resin compn. for flexog. printing plate) 25190-06-1DP, polymers with HDI, dimethylolpropionic acid, TΤ hydroxyethyl methacrylate, and amine-terminated nitrile rubber, salts RL: DEV (Device component use); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (PTMG 850; water-developable photosensitive resin compn. for flexog. printing plate) IT 9003-17-2 RL: DEV (Device component use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (butadiene rubber, JSR-BR 02LL; water-developable photosensitive resin compn. for flexog. printing plate) 9003-17-2 ΙT RL: DEV (Device component use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (butadiene rubber, carboxy-terminated, Hycar CTB 2000X162; KATHLEEN FULLER STIC LIBRARY 308-4290

```
water-developable photosensitive resin
      compn. for flexog. printing plate)
IT
     9010-85-9
     RL: DEV (Device component use); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); USES (Uses)
        (butyl rubber, JSR-Butyl 365; water-developable photosensitive
      resin compn. for flexog. printing plate)
ΙT
     9002-88-4D, chlorinated
     RL: DEV (Device component use); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); USES (Uses)
        (chlorinated polyethylene rubber, Elaslen 301MA; water-developable
      photosensitive resin compn. for flexog.
        printing plate)
IT
     57-11-4, Octadecanoic acid, uses 112-92-5, Stearyl
     alcohol
               555-43-1, Glycerol tristearate
     RL: DEV (Device component use); MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM
     (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (compatibilizer; water-developable photosensitive
      resin compn. for flexog. printing plate)
TT
     9002-88-4D, Polyethylene, chlorinated
                                              25038-36-2, Ethylene-
     ethylidenenorbornene-propylene copolymer
     RL: DEV (Device component use); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); USES (Uses)
        (elastomeric; water-developable photosensitive resin
      compn. for flexog. printing plate)
IT
     9003-18-3
     RL: DEV (Device component use); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); USES (Uses)
        (nitrile rubber, JSR-NBR-N 234L; water-developable
      photosensitive resin compn. for flexog.
        printing plate)
ΙT
     9003-18-3P
     RL: DEV (Device component use); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TEM
     (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
     (nitrile rubber, piperazine group-terminated, Hycar ATBN 1300X16, polymers with HDI, dimethylolpropionic acid,
        polyoxytetramethylene glycol, and hydroxyethyl methacrylate, salts;
        water-developable photosensitive resin
      compn. for flexog. printing plate)
ΙT
     106107-54-4
     RL: DEV (Device component use); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); USES (Uses)
        (styrene-butadiene rubber, block, triblock, Kraton 1101;
        water-developable photosensitive resin
      compn. for flexog. printing plate)
IT
     822-06-0DP, polymers with dimethylolpropionic acid,
     polyoxytetramethylene glycol, hydroxyethyl methacrylate, and
     amine-terminated nitrile rubber, salts
                                               868-77-9DP, polymers
     with HDI, dimethylolpropionic acid, polyoxytetramethylene glycol, and
                                               4767-03-7DP, polymers
     amine-terminated nitrile rubber, salts
     with HDI, polyoxytetramethylene glycol, hydroxyethyl methacrylate, and
     amine-terminated nitrile rubber, salts
     RL: DEV (Device component use); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TEM
     (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (water-developable photosensitive resin
      compn. for flexog. printing plate)
IT
     9003-17-2D, Polybutadiene, acrylate-contg.
                                                   65833-30-9, 1,9-Nonanediol
                      159446-74-9, BAC 45
                                             205537-69-5, ABU
                                                                205537-89-9, PB
     dimethacrylate
     4525
     RL: DEV (Device component use); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); USES (Uses)
        (water-developable photosensitive resin
      compn. for flexog. printing plate)
     57-11-4, Octadecanoic acid, uses 112-92-5, Stearyl
ΙT
                          KATHLEEN FULLER STIC LIBRARY 308-4290
```

```
alcohol
     RL: DEV (Device component use); MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM
     (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (compatibilizer; water-developable photosensitive
      resin compn. for flexog. printing plate)
     57-11-4 HCAPLUS
RN
     Octadecanoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
HO_2C^- (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>16</sub>-Me
     112-92-5 HCAPLUS
RN
CN
     1-Octadecanol (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
HO-(CH_2)_{17}-Me
L73 ANSWER 5 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 1999 ACS
     1997:701437 HCAPLUS
AN
     128:28620
DN
ΤI
     Photosensitive resin composition
ΙN
     Kinashi, Keiichi; Chiba,/Reiko
     National Starch and Chemical Investment Holding Corp., USA
PA
SO
     U.S., 6 pp.
     CODEN: USXXAM
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO. DATE
     US 5681684 /
                     Α
                            19971028
                                          US 95-531026
PT
     To provide/a water-developable photosensitive resin
AB
     compn. capable of forming a resist film that excels in hardness,
     heat resistance and water resistance. The photosensitive
     resin compn. of this invention is characterized by
     contg/an unsatd. epoxy ester compd. which is obtained by reacting the
     remaining epoxy side group of a partially carboxylic acid-esterified
     unsatd. epoxy ester compd. with an aliph. tertiary amine in the presence
     of/an alc. solvent to convert it into a quaternary ammonium salt.
IC
     IØM G03C001-725
     430280100
NCL
CC
     74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other
     Reprographic Processes)
ST
     photoresist unsatd epoxy ester ammonium salt
     Epoxy resins, uses
IT
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (unsatd., quaternary ammonium salts; water-developable photoresists
        contq.)
ΙT
     Photoresists
        (water-developable; contq. unsatd. epoxy ester compd. quaternary
        ammonium salts)
IT
     111-90-0, Diethylene glycol monoethyl ether
     RL: NUU (Nonbiological use, unclassified); RCT (Reactant); TEM
     (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (reactions of unsatd. epoxy esters with carboxylic acids, quaternary
        ammonium compds. and aliph. tertiary amines in water-developable
        photoresist prepn. in presence of)
ΙŢ
     71-91-0D, Tetraethylammonium bromide, reaction products with acrylic acid,
     dimethylethanolamine and unsatd. epoxy esters
                                                    79-10-7D, Acrylic acid,
     reaction products with dimethylethanolamine, tetraethylammonium bromide
     and unsatd. epoxy esters
                                79-41-4D, Methacrylic acid, reaction products
                          KATHLEEN FULLER STIC LIBRARY 308-4290
```

LEE 09/262077 Page 10

with aliph. tertiary amines, quaternary ammonium compds. and unsatd. epoxy 105-59-9D, N-Methyldiethanolamine, reaction products with carboxylic acids, quaternary ammonium compds. and unsatd. epoxy esters 108-01-0D, N, N-Dimethylethanolamine, reaction products with carboxylic acids, quaternary ammonium compds. and unsatd. epoxy esters 109-02-4D, N-Methylmorpholine, reaction products with carboxylic acids, quaternary ammonium compds. and unsatd. epoxy esters 621-82-9D, Cinnamic acid, reaction products with aliph. tertiary amines, quaternary ammonium compds. and unsatd. epoxy esters 626-67-5D, N-Methylpiperidine, reaction products with carboxylic acids, quaternary ammonium compds. and unsatd. epoxy esters 3724-65-0D, Crotonic acid, reaction products with aliph. tertiary amines, quaternary ammonium compds. and unsatd. epoxy esters 3845-76-9D, 3-N, N-Dimethylaminopropylacrylamide, reaction products with carboxylic acids, quaternary ammonium compds. and unsatd. epoxy esters 25068-38-6D, Epon 201, reaction products with acrylic acid, tetraethylammonium bromide and aliph. tertiary amines 94362-50-2D, Epo Tohto YDCN 704, reaction products with acrylic acid, tetraethylammonium bromide and aliph. tertiary amines 109190-39-8D, Epo Tohto YDCN 702, reaction products with acrylic acid, aliph. tertiary amines and tetraethylammonium bromide RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (water-developable photoresists contg.) 111-90-0, Diethylene glycol monoethyl ether RL: NUU (Nonbiological use, unclassified); RCT (Reactant); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (reactions of unsatd. epoxy esters with carboxylic acids, quaternary ammonium compds. and aliph. tertiary amines in water-developable photoresist prepn. in presence of) 111-90-0 HCAPLUS Ethanol, 2-(2-ethoxyethoxy)- (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) EtO-CH2-CH2-O-CH2-CH2-OH _____ 00 Solver L73 ANSWER 6 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 1999 ACS 1997:547232 HCAPLUS 127:154671 Positive-type light-sensitive lithographic printing plate Maemoto, Kazuo; Kawabe, Yasumasa Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan Eur. Pat. Appl., 23 pp. CODEN: EPXXDW Patent English FAN.CNT 1 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE **∌**970625 EP 780730 A2 EP 96-120207 19961216 **1**9980715 EP 780730 **A3** R: DE, GB JP 09179290 A2, 19970711 JP 95-335145 19951222 PRAI JP 95-335145 19851222 MARPAT 127:154671 A pos.-type light/sensitive lithog. printing plate comprises a grained and anodized aluminum plate having formed on the surface thereof a layer of a light-sensitive compn. contg. (a) an o-naphthoquinonediazide compd., (b) and alk. water-sol. and water-insol. resin, (c) a compd. which generates an acid by light, (d) a blue dye the tone of which is changed/with an acid, and (e) a yellow dye having a special structure and the absorbance of which at 417 nm is at least 70% of the absorbance at

436 nm. / The light-sensitive lithog. printing plate has a high sensitivity and is characterized in that unnecessary images of the edge portions are

KATHLEEN FULLER STIC LIBRARY 308-4290

IT

RN

CN

ΑN

DN ΤI

IN

PA

SO

DT

LA

PT

OS

AB

LEE 09/262077 Page 11

```
difficult to form on the plate at the reprodn. of dots, the image
     visibility after exposure and the suitability of plate inspection after
     development are good, and register marks are easy to see.
IC
     ICM G03F007-022
         G03F007-09
     ICS
     74-6 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other
CC
     Reprographic Processes)
ST
     pos photosensitive lithog plate naphthoquinonediazide
IT
     Lithographic plates
        (photosensitive compns. contg. naphthoquinonediazides,
        photoacid generators, and color-changing blue dyes for manuf. of)
IT
     Photoimaging materials
        (pos.; contg. naphthoquinonediazides, photoacid generators, and
        color-changing blue dyes for manuf. of lithog. plates)
ΙT
     65-85-0, Benzoic acid, uses 85-43-8
                                            25086-36-6
                                                         26678-93-3
                  36451-09-9 68584-99-6 84938-98-7
     27029-76-1
                                                         94875-80-6
                                193222-62-7
                                               193222-63-8
     153273-61-1
                   193222-61-6
                                                             193222-64-9
     193222-65-0
                   193222-66-1
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (pos. photoimaging compns. for lithog. plate manuf. contg.)
     65-85-0, Benzoic acid, uses
TΤ
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (pos. photoimaging compns. for lithog. plate manuf. contg.)
     65-85-0 HCAPLUS
RN
     Benzoic acid (7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
```

```
L73 ANSWER 7 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 1999 ACS
     1997:476117 HCAPLUS
AN
DN
     127:96036
     Novolac resins with stable molecular weight and photoresists
TΙ
     made from them
     Rahman, M. Dalil; Hannigan, Timothy T.; Lynch, Thomas J.
IN
PA
     Hoechst Celanese Corporation, USA
SO
     Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 12 pp.
     CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
     Patent
     Japanese
LA
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND
                            DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO. DATE
                      ____
                            _____
                                           _____
     JP 09143237
                       A2
                            19970603
                                          JP 96-251921
                                                            19960924
PΙ
PRAI US 95-4536
                     19950929
     Novolak resins, which have very low metal ion content and
     desirable mol. wt. and are water-insol. and sol. in aq. alkali, are prepd.
     in a process comprising steps: (1) polymg. formaldehyde and
     phenol-type compds. in the presence of an acid catalyst to give a
     film-forming resin, (2) washing cation-exchange resin
     with deionized water and mineral acid soln. to reduce the contents of
     sodium ion and iron ion in the cation-exchange resin to <100
     ppm, (3) washing an anion-exchange resin with deionized water, a
```

hydroxide soln. of a non-metal element, and deionized water to remove

KATHLEEN FULLER STIC LIBRARY 308-4290

hydroxides, (4) passing the novolac **resin** through the cationand the anion-exchange **resin**, and (5) distg. the novolac

resin first at a temp. which is not higher than the b.p. of the

phenolic compds. under normal pressure and then at 150-240.degree. in 5-50 mmHg vacuum. A photoresist compn. is obtained by mixing the novolac resin with photosensitive substances and solvents. Semiconductor devices are made by using the photoresist compn. ICM C08G008-08 C08G008-08; G03F007-023; G03F007-039; H01L021-027 ICS 37-3 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing) Section cross-reference(s): 74 novolac photoresist semiconductor device; phenol formaldehyde novolak photoresist; cresol xylenol formaldehyde novolak photoresist Photoresists (photoresist compns. contq. novolac resins with stable mol. wt.) IT Novolaks RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (prepn. of novolac resins with stable mol. wt. and photoresists) ΙT Semiconductor devices (semiconductor devices coated with photoresist compns. contg. novolac resins with stable mol. wt.) 65-85-0, Benzoic acid, uses 104-15-4, p-Toluenesulfonic TT 108-31-6, Maleic anhydride, uses 110-16-7, Maleic acid, acid, uses 7697-37-2, Nitric acid, uses 144-62-7, Oxalic acid, uses RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses) (prepn. of novolac resins with stable mol. wt. and photoresists) TΨ 25053-98-9P, m-Cresol-formaldehyde-3,5-xylenol copolymer RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (prepn. of novolac resins with stable mol. wt. and photoresists) 763-69-9, Ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate 84540-57-8, TT 97-64-3, Ethyl lactate Propylene glycol methyl ether acetate RL: NUU (Nonbiological use, unclassified); USES (Uses) (solvent; photoresist compns. contg. novolac resins with stable mol. wt.) TΤ 7440-21-3, Silicon, uses RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses) (wafer; semiconductor devices coated with photoresist compns. contg. novolac resins with stable mol. wt.) 65-85-0, Benzoic acid, uses 104-15-4, p-Toluenesulfonic TΤ acid, uses RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses) (prepn. of novolac resins with stable mol. wt. and

RN CN

RN 104-15-4 HCAPLUS

photoresists) 65-85-0 HCAPLUS

Benzoic acid (7CI, 8CI, 9CI)

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

(CA INDEX NAME)

```
нозѕ Ме
```

```
L73
    ANSWER 8 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 1999 ACS
     1997:60898 HCAPLUS
AN
DN
     126:82228
ΤI
     Method for manufacturing superior ink-water balance and alkaline-resistant
     presensitized lithographic plate
ΙN
     Hwang, Ho Chien
PA
     Western Litho Plate & Supply Co., USA
SO
     Can. Pat. Appl., 39 pp.
     CODEN: CPXXEB
DT
     Patent
LA
    English
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO. DATE
                            _____
                      ____
                                           ______
                            19960909
PI
     CA 2147388
                      AΑ
                                           CA 95-2147388
                                                            19950418
PRAI US 95-400604
                    19950308
     An alk.-resistant and excellent ink-water balance presensitized lithog.
     plate comprises a layer of a photosensitive compn. on
     an aluminum substrate. The photosensitive compn.
     contains (a) a photosensitive diazo resin comprising a
     condensation product of an arom. diazonium salt, a copolymerizable compd.
     free of diazonium groups, and an active carbonyl-contg. compd. and (b) a
     binder comprising a high-mol.-wt. acrylic resin. The aluminum
     substrate is treated by graining, etching with a caustic soln. contg.
     1.0-4.75 wt.% of an alkali metal hydroxide, and hydrophilizing.
     ICM G03F007-021
IC
     ICS G03F007-09; G03F007-16
     74-6 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other
CC
     Reprographic Processes)
ST
     presensitized lithog plate photosensitive diazo resin
TT
     Photoimaging materials
        (contg. diazo resins for lithog. plate prepn.)
TΤ
     Lithographic plates
        (presensitized; photosensitive diazo resin compns.
        for)
                                    77833-95-5, Acrylonitrile-ethylacrylate-4-
IT
     2390-60-5, Victoria blue BOH
     hydroxyphenyl methacrylamide-methacrylic acid copolymer
                                                               134621-72-0
     185463-53-0, Acrylonitrile-ethylacrylate-3-hydroxyphenyl
     methacrylamide-methacrylic acid copolymer
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (presensitized lithog. plates using photosensitive compns.
        contq.)
IT
     9003-01-4, Poly(acrylic acid)
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (presensitized lithog. plates using photosensitive compns.
        contg. diazo resins and)
IT
     109-86-4, Methyl Cellosolve
                                  111-42-2, Diethanolamine, uses
     122-99-6, Phenylcellosolve 25417-20-3, Sodium dibutylnaphthalene
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (presensitized lithog. plates using photosensitive diazo
     resins and developed by solns. contg.)
     7429-90-5, Aluminum, uses
IT
     RL: DEV (Device component use); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); USES (Uses)
```

LEE 09/262077 Page 14

(substrates for presensitized lithog. plates contg. photosensitive diazo resins) ΙT 122-99-6, Phenylcellosolve RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (presensitized lithog. plates using photosensitive diazo resins and developed by solns. contg.) RN 122-99-6 HCAPLUS Ethanol, 2-phenoxy- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN PhO-CH2-CH2-OH ANSWER 9 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 1999 ACS L73 ΑN 1996:73500 HCAPLUS DN 124:131556 ΤI Photosensitive resin composition useful as resist for preparing printed circuit boards Nishikawa, Yoshasu; Niki, Norio; Hagio, Shigeru; Koda, Kazuhiko; Uehara, IN Shinichi PA Ibiden Co Ltd, Japan; San Nopco Kk SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF DT Patent LA Japanese FAN.CNT 1 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE --------------JP 94-95834 PΙ JP 07281433 A2 19951027 The title resin compn. comprises (1) a film-forming AΒ binder polymer sol. or swellable in alkali aq. solns., (2) a thermosetting polyisocyanate compd. having .gtoreq.1 photopolymerizable ethylenic unsatd. group, of which the isocyanate groups are protected by alcs., phenols, amines, oximes, hydroxamates, caprolactams, thiols, or active methylene-contg. compds., (3) a compd. having .gtoreq.1 CO2H group and .gtoreq.1 photopolymerizable ethylenic unsatd. group, (4) an ethylenic unsatd. compd. which is able to form a polymer by photopolymn. initiators and is a lig. or solid at ordinary temp., and (5) a photopolymn. initiator which generates a radical by irradn. with active energy rays. The compn. is alkali-developable and shows high photosensitivity, high resoln., and good resistance to electroless plating solns. Thus, a photosensitive resin compn. comprised Me methacrylate-Bu acrylate-acrylic acid copolymer, a compd. prepd. by addn. of diethylene glycol with isophorone diisocyanate and then with 2-hydroxyethyl acrylate, a compd. prepd. by addn. of phenol novolak-type epoxy resin with acrylic acid and then with phthalic anhydride, trimethylolpropane triacrylate, tetraethylene glycol diacrylate, and benzophenone was prepd. IC G03F007-027 ICM G03F007-027; G03F007-004; G03F007-028; G03F007-033; H05K003-00; ICS H05K003-18; H05K003-28 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other CC Reprographic Processes) ST photosensitive resin compn binder polymer; photopolymerizable polyisocyanate photosensitive resin compn; photopolymn initiator photosensitive resin compn ΙT Photoimaging compositions and processes (photosensitive resin compns. contq. alkali-sol. binder polymers and polyisocyanate compds. and ethylenic unsatd. compds. for printed circuit boards manuf. for sensitivity and resoln. and resistance to electroless plating) IT Phenolic resins, preparation

Page 15

```
RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (epoxy, novolak, reaction products with acrylic acid and phthalic
        anhydride; photosensitive resin compns. contg.
        alkali-sol. binder polymers and polyisocyanate compds. and
        ethylenic unsatd. compds. for printed circuit boards manuf.)
ΙT
     Epoxy resins, preparation
     RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (phenolic, novolak, reaction products with acrylic acid and phthalic
        anhydride; photosensitive resin compns. contg.
        alkali-sol. binder polymers and polyisocyanate compds. and
        ethylenic unsatd. compds. for printed circuit boards manuf.)
IT
        (photo-, photosensitive resin compns. contg.
        alkali-sol. binder polymers and polyisocyanate compds. and
        ethylenic unsatd. compds. for printed circuit boards manuf. for
        sensitivity and resoln. and resistance to electroless plating)
IT
     Electric circuits
        (printed, boards, printed; photosensitive resin
        compns. contg. alkali-sol. binder polymers and polyisocyanate
        compds. and ethylenic unsatd. compds. for printed circuit boards manuf.
        for sensitivity and resoln. and resistance to electroless plating)
IT
     119-61-9, Benzophenone, uses
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (photopolymn. initiator; photosensitive resin
        compns. contg. alkali-sol. binder polymers and polyisocyanate
        compds. and ethylenic unsatd. compds. for printed circuit boards
        manuf.)
     78-59-1DP, Isophorone, reaction products with diethylene glycol and
TΨ
     hydroxyethyl acrylate 79-10-7DP, Acrylic acid, reaction products with
     phenolic epoxy resins and phthalic anhydride
                                                    85-44-9DP,
     Phthalic anhydride, reaction products with phenolic epoxy resins
     and acrylic acid 111-46-6DP, Diethylene glycol, reaction
     products with isophorone diisocyanate and hydroxyethyl acrylate
     818-61-1DP, 2-Hydroxyethyl acrylate, reaction products with diethylene
     glycol and isophorone
     RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered
    material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (photosensitive resin compns. contg. alkali-sol.
        binder polymers and polyisocyanate compds. and ethylenic
        unsatd. compds. for printed circuit boards manuf. for sensitivity and
        resoln. and resistance to electroless plating)
ΙT
     15625-89-5, Trimethylolpropane triacrylate
                                                 17831-71-9, Tetraethylene
                       26300-51-6, Acrylic acid-butyl acrylate-methyl
     glycol diacrylate
    methacrylate copolymer
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (photosensitive resin compns. contg. alkali-sol.
        binder polymers and polyisocyanate compds. and ethylenic
        unsatd. compds. for printed circuit boards manuf. for sensitivity and
        resoln. and resistance to electroless plating)
     111-46-6DP, Diethylene glycol, reaction products with isophorone
     diisocyanate and hydroxyethyl acrylate
     RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered
     material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (photosensitive resin compns. contg. alkali-sol.
        binder polymers and polyisocyanate compds. and ethylenic
        unsatd. compds. for printed circuit boards manuf. for sensitivity and
        resoln. and resistance to electroless plating)
     111-46-6 HCAPLUS
RN
     Ethanol, 2,2'-oxybis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
```

HO- CH2- CH2- О- CH2- CH2- ОН

```
ANSWER 10 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 1999 ACS
L73
     1995:967696 HCAPLUS
ΑN
DN
     123:354679
TТ
     Positive-working photoresist composition
     Sugama, Eriko; Tamura, Akira
IN
     Toppan Printing Co Ltd, Japan
PA
     Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 4 pp.
SO
     CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
     Patent
LA
     Japanese
FAN.CNT 1
                      KIND
                            DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
     PATENT NO.
                       ____
ΡI
     JP 07248619
                       A2
                            19950926
                                            JP 94-42271
                                                             19940314
AB
     The compn. comprises an alkali-sol. resin,
     1,2-naphthoquinonediazide compd. photosensitive agent, and an
                    The compn. shows high sensitivity and good
     acidic compd.
     storage stability.
TC
     ICM G03F007-022
          G03F007-004; H01L021-027
     ICS
CC
     74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other
     Reprographic Processes)
ST
     photoresist naphthoquinonediazide acidic compd
ΙT
     Phenolic resins, uses
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (novolak, photoresist compn. contg. naphthoquinonediazide
        compd. and acidic compd.)
ΙT
     Resists
        (photo-, photoresist compn. contg. naphthoquinonediazide
        compd. and acidic compd.)
TΤ
     64-19-7, Acetic acid, uses 104-15-4, p-Toluenesulfonic acid,
            144-62-7, Oxalic acid, uses 7647-01-0, Hydrochloric acid, uses
     7664-38-2, Phosphoric acid, uses 7664-93-9, Sulfuric acid, uses
     7697-37-2, Nitric acid, uses
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered
     material use); USES (Uses)
        (photoresist compn. contg. naphthoquinonediazide compd. and
        acidic compd.)
ΙT
     107761-81-9, 2,3,4,4'-Tetrahydroxybenzophenone 1,2-naphthoquinonediazide-5-
     sulfonic acid ester
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (photoresist compn. contg. naphthoquinonediazide compd. and
        acidic compd.)
TΤ
     104-15-4, p-Toluenesulfonic acid, uses
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered
     material use); USES (Uses)
        (photoresist compn. contg. naphthoquinonediazide compd. and
        acidic compd.)
     104-15-4 HCAPLUS
RN
CN
     Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
```

LEE 09/262077 Page 17

```
L73
     ANSWER 11 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 1999 ACS
     1995:785453 HCAPLUS
AN
DN
     123:242100
     Photosensitive compositions containing compounds
ΤI
     forming oxygen-shielding layer and photosensitive lithographic
     plates
IN
     Nishioka, Akira
PΑ
     Fuji Photo Film Co Ltd, Japan
     Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 25 pp.
SO
     CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
     Patent
     Japanese
LA
FAN.CNT 1
                                                APPLICATION NO.
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                DATE
                                                                    DATE
                         ____
                                                 JP 93-313/589
                         A2
                                19950704
     JP 07168347
                                                                    19931214
                                                US 94-35/1305
     US 5567568
                         Α
                                19961022
                                                                    19941214
PRAI JP 93-313589
                      19931214
     MARPAT 123:242100
OS
     In the photosensitive compns. contg. (A) ethylenic polymerizable
AΒ
     compds., (B) film-forming polymers sol. of swellable in aq, alk.
     solns., (C) photopolymn. initiators, (D) neg.-working diazo resins
     , (E) compds. which dissolve in the photosensitive liqs. and are
     capable of floating on the surface of the photosensitive layer upon coating and drying of the compns to form an O-shielding layer, R1 CONR2R3 (R1 = C15-25 alkyl; R2 = H, Me, Et, Pr; R3 = Me, Et, Pr) and R4CO2H (R4 = C15-25 alkyl), R4CH2OH, or R4CONH2 are contained as compds.
     of (E). The lithog. plates are manufed. by coating a support with the
     photosensitive compns. and drying, and have a mat layer showing a micropattern composed of a coating area, which is obtained from a
     compn. contg. a copolymer having/.gtoreq.1 sulfo-contg. monomer
     unit, and non-coated area. The photopolymn. initiators may be phenyl-S-triazines. The compns. are prevented from inhibition of
     polymn. by O during exposure and the lithog. plates show high
     printing durability.
IC
     ICM G03F007-004
     ICS G03F007-00; G03F007-027/; G03F007-029; G03F007-033; G03F007-11
     74-6 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other
CC
     Reprographic Processes)
     photosensitive compn oxygen shielding additive; lithog
ST
     plate presensitized resist compn; printing plate lithog resist
     compn
IT
     Lithographic plates
         (resist compns. cont/, compds. for in situ formation of O-shielding
         layer and lithog. plate with mat layer from the compns.)
IT
     Resists
         (photo-, resist compns. contg. compds. for in situ formation of
         O-shielding layer/and lithog. plate with mat layer from the compns.)
     57-11-4, Stearic aci∕d, uses
                                        112-85-6, Behenic acid
ΙT
     112-92-5, Stearyl alcohol
                                     124-26-5, Stearamide
                   3061-75-4, Behenamide
                                              3886-90-6, N, N-Dimethylstearamide
     16715-91-6, N-Methylbehenamide
                                           20198-92-9, N-Methylstearamide
     RL: DEV (Device component use); MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM
      (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
         (O-shielding layer from; resist compns. contg. compds. for in situ
         formation of O-shielding layer and lithog. plate with mat layer from
         the compns.)
     88403-57-0
IT
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
         (mat layer from; resist compns. contg. compds. for in situ formation of
         O-shielding layer and lithog. plate with mat layer from the compns.)
     115168-59-7
                     115168-69-9
                                     155600-23-0
IT
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
                             KATHLEEN FULLER STIC LIBRARY 308-4290
```

(photopolymn. initiator; resist compns. contg. compds. for in situ formation of O-shielding layer and lithog. plate with mat layer from the compns.)

IT 4986-89-4, Pentaerythritol tetraacrylate 60506-81-2, Dipentaerythritol pentaacrylate 68541-74-2, p-Diazodiphenylamine-formaldehyde copolymer hexafluorophosphate 90216-38-9, Allyl methacrylate-methacrylic acid copolymer

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (resist compns. contg. compds. for in situ formation of O-shielding layer and lithog. plate with mat layer from the compns.)

IT 57-11-4, Stearic acid, uses 112-92-5, Stearyl alcohol
RL: DEV (Device component use); MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM
(Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(O-shielding layer from; resist compns. contg. compds. for in situ formation of O-shielding layer and lithog. plate with mat layer from the compns.)

RN 57-11-4 HCAPLUS

CN Octadecanoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 HO_2C^- (CH₂)₁₆-Me

RN 112-92-5 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Octadecanol (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $HO-(CH_2)_{17}-Me$

L73 ANSWER 12 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 1999 ACS

AN 1995:557119 HCAPLUS

DN 122:303013

TI Photosensitive composition

IN Tomikawa, Masao; Eguchi, Masuichi; Asano, Masaya

PA Toray Industries, Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	JP 06258836	A2	19940916	JP 93-43705	19930304

$$\begin{array}{cccc}
\text{CO} & \text{CO} \\
\text{R}^{1}\text{N} & \text{Z}^{1} & \text{NR}^{1}
\end{array}$$

AB A photosensitive compn. for producing pos. images comprises a compd. represented by the formula I (.gtoreq.1 of R1 is naphthoquinonediazidosulfonyl and the other is an org. group; Z1 is a tetravalent org. group contg. .gtoreq.2 C atoms) and/or a compd. represented by the formula [C[Z2(CONHR2)m]O2R3]n (Z2 is an org. group whose valence depends on the values of m and n; R2 is naphthoquinonediazidosulfonyl; R3 is H or an alkali metal; m is an integer of 1-4; n is an integer of 0-3; m + n is 4), and a polymer having the structural unit of -[COZ3(CO2R4)pCONHZ4NH]- (Z3 is an org. KATHLEEN FULLER STIC LIBRARY 308-4290

LEE 09/262077 Page 19

```
group whose valence depends on the value of p; R4 is H or an alkali metal;
     Z4 is a divalent org. group contg. .gtoreg.2 C atoms; p is 1 or 2).
IC
     ICM G03F007-039
         C08G073-10; C08L079-08; G03F007-004; G03F007-022; H01L021-027;
          H01L021-312
CC
     74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other
     Reprographic Processes)
     photosensitive compn pos polyimide
     naphthoquinonediazidosulfonate
     Photoimaging compositions and processes
        (contg. polyimides and naphthoquinonediazidosulfonyl compds. for pos.
        image formation)
ΙT
     Polyamic acids
     Polyimides, preparation
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (pos. photoimaging compns. contg. naphthoquinonediazidosulfonyl compds.
        and)
IT
     Resists
        (photo-, pos.-working, contg. polyimides and
        naphthoquinonediazidosulfonyl compds.)
IT
                  24991-11-5P, 3,3',4,4'-Benzophenonetetracarboxylic
     acid-4,4'-Diaminodiphenyl ether copolymer, sru 25036-53-7P,
     4,4'-Diaminodiphenyl ether-pyromellitic anhydride copolymer, SRU
     25038-81-7P, 4,4'-Diaminodiphenyl ether-pyromellitic anhydride copolymer 26875-71-8P 39940-16-4P 64427-99-2P 64428-14-4P 69639-26-5P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (pos. photoimaging compns. contg. naphthoquinonediazidosulfonyl compds.
        and)
TΤ
     163110-00-7P
                    163110-01-8P
                                    163110-02-9P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (pos. photoimaging compns. contg. polyimides and)
     3770-97-6
TT
     RL: RCT (Reactant); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES
        (reaction in prepg. diimides for pos. photoimaging compns.)
TΤ
     57-13-6, Urea, reactions
                                 89-32-7
                                          121-44-8, reactions
     2421-28-5
     RL: RCT (Reactant); TEM (Technical or engineered material use);
     USES (Uses)
        (reaction in prepg. naphthoquinonediazidosulfonyl-contg.diimides for
        pos. photoimaging compns.)
IT
     57-13-6, Urea, reactions
     RL: RCT (Reactant); TEM (Technical or engineered material use);
     USES (Uses)
        (reaction in prepg. naphthoquinonediazidosulfonyl-contg.diimides for
        pos. photoimaging compns.)
     57-13-6 HCAPLUS
RN
     Urea (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
H2N-C-NH2
    ANSWER 13 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 1999 ACS
L73
     1995:392253 HCAPLUS
AN
```

122:226837

Photosensitive polyimide precursor compositions

KATHLEEN FULLER STIC LIBRARY 308-4290

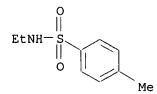
DN TI

```
IN,
     Eguchi, Masuichi; Asano, Masaya
PA
     Toray Industries, Japan
SO
     Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.
     CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
     Patent
LA
     Japanese
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO. DATE
                                     JP 93-90129
                           19941028
PΙ
     JP 06301209
                  A2
                                                           19930416
AΒ
     The title compns. contain (a) a polymer having a main structural
     unit of COR1(CO2R3)nCONHR2NH(R1 = C.gtoreq.2 tri- or tetravalent org.
     group; R2 = C.gtoreq.2 divalent org. group; R3 = H, alkali metal ion,
     NH4+, C1-30 org. group; n=1, 2), (b) .gtoreq.1 compd. selected from
     (N-substituted) amide, urethane, and urea compds. having no ethylenically
     unsatd. double bond., (c) a photo-reactive monomer, and (d) a
    photoinitiator and/or sensitizer. The compns. are easily manufd. and
    provide high-quality pos. polyimide patterns. Thus, a
    photosensitive compn. comprised a polyamic acid prepd.
     from 3,3',4,4'-benzophenonetetracarboxylic acid dianhydride, pyromellitic
     di-anhydride, 4,4'-diaminodiphenyl ether, and bis(3-
     aminopropyl)tetramethyldisiloxane, acetamide, 2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate,
     and 3-phenyl-5-isoxazolone, and 3,3'-carbonylbis(diethylaminocoumarin):
TC
         G03F007-039
         C08F002-44; C08F002-48; C08K005-16; C08L079-08; G03F007-027;
          H01L021-027
     74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other
CC
     Reprographic Processes)
ST
    pos working photoresist polyamic acid; amide urethane urea polyimide
    photoresist
IΤ
     Polyamic acids
    RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (pos.-working photoresists contg. polyimide precursors, double
       bond-free amides (analogs), and monomers)
IT
     Resists
        (photo-, pos.-working, pos.-working photoresists contg. polyimide
       precursors, double bond-free amides (analogs), and monomers)
IT
     106573-86-8P
    RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (pos.-working photoresists contg. polyimide precursors, double
       bond-free amides (analogs), and monomers)
     60-35-5, Acetamide, uses 79-05-0, Propionamide
IT
    Acrylamide, uses 79-41-4, Methacrylic acid, uses 105-16-8,
    Diethylaminoethyl methacrylate 616-45-5, 2-Pyrrolidone 623-76-7,
                      868-77-9, 2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate
     1,3-Diethylurea
                                                               17576-39-5
    86291-20-5
                 161982-93-0
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (pos.-working photoresists contg. polyimide precursors, double
       bond-free amides (analogs), and monomers)
     60-35-5, Acetamide, uses
ΙT
    RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (pos.-working photoresists contg. polyimide precursors, double
       bond-free amides (analogs), and monomers)
RN
     60-35-5 HCAPLUS
    Acetamide (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
```

О || Н2N—С—СН3

```
ANSWER 14 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 1999 ACS
L73
     1995:374995 HCAPLUS
AN
DN
     122:147363
TI
     Developer for photosensitive resin composition -
     and developing method
     Suzuki, Juji; Karasawa, Yasushi; Atobe, Mitsuaki
TN
PΑ
     Seiko Epson Corp, Japan
SO
     Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 15 pp.
     CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
     Patent
     Japanese
LA
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                        KIND
                               DATE
                                               APPLICATION NO.
                                                                  DATE
                             19941104
                                               JP 93-92890
PΙ
     JP 06308738
                       A2
                                                                  19930420
     The developer comprises Bu acetat∉ and C1-9 alc., and alc.conc. is 33.3-75
AΒ
     wt.%. The photosensitive resin film is patternwise
     exposed and developed with the developer. The developer dose not contain
     trichloroethane and prevents environmental pollution, and is useful for
     making ink-jet nozzles.
     ICM G03F007-32
IC
     ICS
          G03F007-30
     74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, \notPhotochemistry, and Photographic and Other
CC
     Reprographic Processes)
     photosensitive resin devel/oper butyl acetate;
     photoresist developer alc
IT
     Resists
         (photo-, photosensiti/ve resin developer contg. Bu
        acetate and alc.)
                               67-56-1, Methanol, uses 67-63-0, 2-Propanol,
ΙT
     64-17-5, Ethanol, uses/
     uses 71-23-8, 1-Propanol, uses 71-36-3, 1-Butanol, 1-Pentanol, uses 78-83-1, 2-Methyl-1-propanol, uses 104-76-7, 2-Ethyl-1-nexanol 111-27-3, 1-Hexanol, uses
                                          71-36-3, 1-Butanol, uses 71-41-0,
                                                                  78-92-2, 2-Butanol
     111-70-6, 1-Heptano/
                           111-87-5, 1-Octanol, uses 123-86-4, Butyl aceta
137-32-6, 2-Methyl-1-butanol 143-08-8, 1-Nonanol
                                                             123-86-4, Butyl acetate
     123-96-6, 2-Octano¥
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
         (photosensitive resin developer contg. Bu acetate
        and alc.)
     104-76-7, 2-Eth\sqrt{1-1-hexanol} 111-27-3, 1-Hexanol, uses
IT
     RL: TEM (Techni/cal or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
         (photosensitive resin developer contg. Bu acetate
        and alc.)
     104-76-7 HCA/PLUS
ŘN
     1-Hexanol, 2/ethyl- (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
    CH2-OH
Et-CH-Bu-n
     111-27-/8 HCAPLUS
RN
     1-Hexarol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
HO-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>-Me
     ANSWER 15 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 1999 ACS
L73
ΑN
     1994:446612 HCAPLUS
DN
     121:46612
ΤI
     Negative-working photosensitive heat-resistant
```

```
polymer composition
     Kataoka, Fumio; Yoshikawa, Haruhiko; Shoji, Fusaji; Nishikame, Masashi;
IN
     Obara, Isao
     Hitachi, Ltd., Japan; Hitachi Chemical Co., Ltd.
PA
SO
     Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 15 pp.
     CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
     Patent
LA
     Japanese
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND
                             DATE
                                             APPLICATION NO.
                    A2
                             19921218
                                                              19910614
PΙ
     JP 04366169
                                                Ø1-143010
     The title polymer compn. comprises (1) a polymer -[CO-R1'(CO2H)2-CONH-R2-NH]- (R)
AB
                                              ' = C.gtoreq.4 tetravalent
     org. group; R2 = arom. ring, Si-contg/ bivalent org. group) (0.5-50
     wt. parts), (2) an arom. bisazide photo-crosslinking agent
     (0.1-100 \text{ wt. parts}), (3) an unsatd/amine (1 - 400 wt.
     parts), (4) a sulfonamide (0.5 - 10) wt. parts) selected from
     R3SO2NHR4, R3SO2NR42, R3SO2NHR5NHSO2R4 (R3 = arom. group, alkyl; R4 = H,
     arom. group, alkyl; R5 = alkylene, bivalent org. group contg. arom.
     rings). This compn. shows high sensitivity, and is developable
     at a higher developing speed
     ICM C08L077-06
IC
     ICS C08K005-17; C08K005-2/8; C08K005-43
     74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other
CC
     Reprographic Processes)
     neg working polymer compn photoresist;
     polyamic acid polyimige photoresist compn
IT
     Polyamic acids
     Polyimides, uses
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (neg.-working photoresist compn. from)
ΙT
     Resists
        (photo-, neg.-working, polyimide type, with high sensitivity
        and developing speed)
ΙT
     68-34-8, p-Toluenesulfonylanilide
                                         70-55-3, p-Toluenesulfonamide
     80-39-7, p-Toluenesulfonyl-N-ethylamide 98-10-2,
     Benzenesulfonamide 649-15-0 4367-02-6 58821-26-4
                                                                74043-79-1
     115166-68-2
                   117964-11-1
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (neg.-working photoresist compn. from)
     26298-81-7P, 4,4'-Diaminodiphenyl ether-3,3',4,4'-biphenyltetracarboxylic
ΙT
     dianhydride copolymer 26615-45-2P 56091-26-0P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. and use of, neg.-working photoresist compn.
     80-39-7, p-Toluenesulfonyl-N-ethylamide RL: USES (Uses)
IT
        (neg.-working photoresist compn. from)
     80-39-7 HCAPLUS
RN
     Benzenesulfonamide, N-ethyl-4-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
```



```
ΑN
     1994:19271 HCAPLUS
DN
     120:19271
     Photosensitive, heat-resistant polymer
ΤI
     compositions
     Yoshikawa, Haruhiko; Kataoka, Fumio; Shoji, Fusaji; Nishikame, Masashi;
IN
     Obara, Isao
     Hitachi Ltd, Japan; Hitachi Chemical Co Ltd
PA
     Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 12 pp.
SO
     CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
     Patent
     Japanese
LA
FAN.CNT 1
                                           APPLICATION NO.
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND
                            DATE
                                                            DATE
PΙ
     JP 05080514
                  A2
                            19930402
                                           JP 91-241077
                                                            19910920
     The title compns. comprise (1) polymer having/a repeating unit
AB
     COZ1(COOH)2CONHZ2NH (Z1 = C.gtoreq.4 org. group having 4 valences; Z2 =
     divalent org. group having an arom. ring or/Si) 100, (2) amine compd.
     having an unsatd. bond 1-400, and (3) sulfonamide compd. selected from
     R1SO2NHR2, R1SO2N(R2)2, and R1SO2NHZ3NHSO2R2 (R1 = arom. group, alkyl; R2
     = H, arom. group, alkyl; 23 = alkylene, \betaivalent org. group having an
     arom. ring) 0.5-50 wt. parts. The compass. show high developing
     rate, good mech. strength, and improved workability in forming insulating
     and protective coatings for semiconductor elements and electronics.
IC
     ICM G03F007-038
         G03F007-004; G03F007-075; H01L021-027; H01L021-312; H05K003-28
     ICS
     74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochémistry, and Photographic and Other
     Reprographic Processes)
     Section cross-reference(s): 76
ST
     photoresist heat resistant; polyamide sulfonamide unsatd amine photoresist
IT
     Polyamides, uses
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (neg.-working photoresists/from)
IT
     Resists
        (photo-, neg.-working, contg. polyamides, unsatd. amines, and
        sulfonamides)
     68-34-8, p-Toluenesulfonylánilide
                                         70-55-3, p-Toluenesulfonamide
IT
                                               98-10-2,
     80-39-7, p-Toluenesulfonyl-N-ethylamide
     Benzenesulfonamide 599-86-0 649-15-0
                                               1129-26-6, p-
     Methoxybenzenesulfonamide 1899-94-1, m-Toluenesulfonamide
                 69728-92-3 74043-79-1
     1907-65-9
                                           115166-68-2
                                                        117964-11-1
     151619-27-1
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (neg.-working photoresist contg., for rapid developability)
TΤ
     105-16-8, 2-(N,N-Diethylamino) ethyl methacrylate 2867-47-2,
                                               20602-77-1, 3-(N,N-
     2-(N, N-Dimethylamino) ethyl methacrylate
                                        25085-92-1
     Dimethylamino)propyl methacrylate
                                                      26298-81-7,
     3,3',4,4'-Biphenyltetracarboxylic acid dianhydride-4,4'-diaminodiphenyl
                     26615-45-2, 3,3',4,4'-Biphenyltetracarboxylic acid
     ether copolymer
     dianhydride-4,4'-diaminodiphenyl ether copolymer, sru 60283-41-2
                  84329-59-9
     84329-58-8
                              117247-38-8
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (neg.-working photoresist from)
     80-39-7, p-Toluenesulfonyl-N-ethylamide 1907-65-9
IT
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (neg.-working photoresist contg., for rapid developability)
     80-39-7 HCAPLUS
RN
     Benzenesulfonamide, N-ethyl-4-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
```

RN 1907-65-9 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, N-butyl-4-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L73 ANSWER 17 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 1999 ACS

AN 1991:460877 HCAPLUS

DN 115:60877

TI Photosensitive composition for lithographic platemaking and integrated circuit fabrication

IN Nagashima, Akira

PA Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 22 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

t Win	.CNI I				
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
ΡI	JP 02213847	A2	19900824	JP 89-35872	19890215
	TP 2577629	R2	19970205		

- AB The title **photosensitive compn**. contains a pos.-working **photosensitive** compd., water-insol. but alkali-sol. **polymer** processing SO2NH2 bonds in the main or side chain(s), and an org. acid with pKa .ltoreq. 3.
- IC ICM G03F007-039
- CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)
- ST photoresist pos working; lithog platemaking pos working photoresist; integrated circuit pos working photoresist; photomask pos working photoresist

IT Lithographic plates

(of pos. working photoresist)

IT Electric circuits

(integrated, of pos.-working photoresists for)

IT Resists

(photo-, pos. working, wear- and chem.-resistant)

TT 75-75-2, Methanesulfonic acid 88-89-1, Picric acid 98-67-9, p-Hydroxybenzenesulfonic acid 101-02-0 104-15-4, p-Toluene sulfonic acid, uses and miscellaneous 120-18-3, Naphthalene-2-sulfonic acid 838-85-7, Diphenyl phosphate 3453-83-6 RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(photoresist compn. contg., lithog. platemaking using)

IT 62814-37-3 117787-84-5 124996-93-6 124996-94-7 125026-42-8

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(photoresist compn. contg., pos.-working) IT 68510-93-0 RL: USES (Uses) (photoresist compn. using, pos.-working) TT 104-15-4, p-Toluene sulfonic acid, uses and miscellaneous RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (photoresist compn. contg., lithog. platemaking using) 104-15-4 HCAPLUS RN CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 18 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 1999 ACS L73

ΑN 1989:125487 HCAPLUS

DN 110:125487

ΤI Photosensitive compositions, and lithographic plates containing the same

IN Nakai, Hideyuki; Matsubara, Shinichi; Urano, Toshiyoshi; Murakami, Sachiko

Konica Co., Japan; Mitsubishi Kasei Corp. Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp. PA

SO

CODEN: JKXXAF

DΤ Patent

LA. Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

APPLICATION NO. PATENT NO. KIND DATE JP 63149637 A2 JP 86-297304 19861212 PΙ 19880622 Compds. that liberate acid by irradn. with activating radiation, compds. AB that have a COC bond or bonds cleavable by the acid, and radical scavengers are contained in the title compns. The title lithog. plates have a photosensitive layer or layers contg. these compns. These compns. maintain a stable sensitivity after the exposure, and high reproducibility of halftone dots. Thus, an acid-cleavable polymeric compd. with units of the formula -(CH2CH2O)3(1,1-cyclo hexylene)0-2.14, cresol novolak 5.74, 2-trichloromethyl-5-[.beta.-(2-benzofuryl)vinyl]-1,3,4-oxadiazole (acid-liberating compd.) 0.27, Victoria Pure Blue BOH 0.05, and hydroquinone (radical scavenger) 0.04 g dissolved in Me cellosoive were applied on anodized Al plates to obtain photosensitive lithog. plates. These plates showed no change in sensitivity upon a 90-min postexposure standing, either before or after 2-day preexposure storage of the plates at 40.degree. and 80% relativity humidity.

ICM G03C001-72 IC

ICS G03C001-00

- CC 74-6 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)
- ST lithog plate photosensitive radical scavenger

IT Lithographic plates

(photosensitive compns. contq. acid-generators and acid-cleavable compds. and radical scavengers for, for stable photosensitivity)

IT Phenolic resins, uses and miscellaneous

RL: USES (Uses)

(novolak, photosensitive lithog. plates with stable sensitivity contg.)

112-35-6, Triethylene glycol monomethyl ether 122-99-6, Phenyl IT cellosolve

LEE 09/262077

```
RL: USES (Uses)
        (condensation of, with acetal, acid-cleavable compd. for
      photosensitive lithog. plates from)
IT
     931-94-2, 1,1-Dimethoxycyclopentane
                                           933-40-4, 1,1-Dimethoxycyclohexane
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (condensation of, with glycol ether, acid-cleavable compd. for
      photosensitive lithog. plates from)
IT
     27029-76-1
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (novolak, photosensitive lithog. plates with stable
        sensitivity contg.)
                123-31-9, 1,4-Benzenediol, uses and miscellaneous
                                                                    130-15-4,
ΙT
     1,4-Naphthoquinone 150-76-5, p-Methoxyphenol 552-89-6,
                         2182-73-2
                                     102312-18-5
     o-Nitrobenzaldehyde
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (photosensitive lithog. plates contg. acid-generating compds.
        and acid-cleavable compds. and, for stable sensitivity)
                  78537-86-7 115815-82-2 116745-41-6
                                                           117646-94-3
IT
     69468-60-6
     117647-26-4
                   117647-27-5
                                 118188-70-8
                                               119177-38-7
                                                             119201-95-5
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (photosensitive lithog. plates contg. acid-generating compds.
        and radical scavengers and, for stable sensitivity)
IT
     93641-24-8
                  115111-30-3
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (photosensitive lithog. plates with stable sensitivity
        contq.)
IT
     122-99-6, Phenyl cellosolve
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (condensation of, with acetal, acid-cleavable compd. for
      photosensitive lithog. plates from)
     122-99-6 HCAPLUS
RN
     Ethanol, 2-phenoxy- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
PhO-CH2-CH2-OH
    ANSWER 19 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 1999 ACS
L73
     1987:578206 HCAPLUS
ΑN
DN
     107:178206
ΤI
     Active-energy-beam-curable coating compositions
ΙN
     Sato, Koji
     Toyo Ink Mfg. Co., Ltd., Japan
PA
     Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp.
SO
     CODEN: JKXXAF
DΤ
     Patent
     Japanese
LA
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO. DATE
                      ----
                      A2
                           19870223
                                           JP 85-179438
ΡI
     JP 62041272
                           19940330
     JP 06023327
                      B4
AB
     Title compns. which cure by UV or electron beam, giving coatings with
     excellent printability and adhesion, comprise (A) prepolymers prepd. by
     treating half esters obtained from carboxylic anhydrides and (meth)acrylic
     acid-epoxy compd. adducts with monoalcs., (B) radical-polymg.
     monomers, and optionally (C) radical polymn. initiators. Thus,
     380 parts Epikote 828 was treated with 130 parts acrylic acid at
     100.degree. to acid value .ltoreq.1, then treated with 266 parts
     dodecenylsuccinic anhydride for 1.5 h, and with Abitol (rosin alc.) 363,
     H2SO4 5, and cyclohexane 50 parts for 16 h to give a prepolymer (I).
     Resin-coated plate was sprayed with a compn. contq. I
     30.0, bisphenol A-ethylene oxide adduct (1:4) diacrylate 37.9,
                          KATHLEEN FULLER STIC LIBRARY 308-4290
```

photosensitizers 7.0, hydroquinone 0.1, and pigment 25.0 parts and irradiated with UV to give a coating with cross-cut adhesion 100/100 for alkyd precoat, 70/100 for epoxy-phenolic precoat, and 60/100 for acrylic precoat, vs. 100/100, 30/100, and 0/100, resp., for the coating contg. Epikote 828 acrylate prepolymer instead of I. ICM C09D005-00 ICS C08F299-02; C09D003-48 C09D011-10 42-10 (Coatings, Inks, and Related Products) UV curable epoxy acrylate coating; printability coating epoxy resin acrylate; ester deriv epoxy acrylate Anhydrides RL: USES (Uses) (reaction products with acrylic modified epoxy resins and alcs., polymers with acrylic derivs., coatings, radiation-cured, with improved adhesion and printability) Soybean oil RL: USES (Uses) (epoxidized, acrylates, reaction products with acid anhydrides and alcs., polymers with acrylic derivs., coatings, radiation-cured) Crosslinking (photochem., of modified epoxy resin blends, for coatings with improved adhesion) Coating materials (radiation-curable, modified epoxy resin blend, with improved adhesion) Alcohols, compounds RL: USES (Uses) (reaction products, with acrylic modified epoxy resin acid anhydride half esters, polymers with acrylic derivs., coatings, radiation-cured, with improved adhesion and printability) 85-43-8D, Tetrahydrophthalic anhydride, reaction products with acrylic modified epoxy resins and alcs., polymers with acrylic 85-44-9D, Phthalic anhydride, reaction products with acrylic modified epoxy resins and alcs., polymers with acrylic 100-51-6D, Benzyl alcohol, reaction products with acrylic modified epoxy resin acid anhydride half esters, polymers with acrylic derivs. 108-30-5D, Succinic anhydride, reaction products with acrylic modified epoxy resins and alcs., 108-93-0D, Cyclohexanol, reaction polymers with acrylic derivs. products with acrylic modified epoxy resin acid anhydride half esters, polymers with acrylic derivs. 111-27-3D, Hexyl alcohol, reaction products with acrylic modified epoxy resin acid anhydride half esters, polymers with acrylic derivs. 1333-89-7D, Abitol, reaction products with acrylic modified epoxy resin acid tanhydride half esters, polymers with acrylic 2561-85-5D, Dodecylsuccinic anhydride, reaction products with acrylic modified epoxy resins and alcs., polymers with 15625-89-5D, Trimethylolpropanetriacrylate, acrylic derivs. polymers with acrylic modified epoxy resin half esters 28961-43-5D, polymers with acrylic modified epoxy resin 30305-68-1D, reaction products with acrylic modified epoxy half esters resin acid anhydride half esters, polymers with acrylic 55818-57-0D, Epikote 828 acrylate, reaction products with acid derivs. anhydrides and alcs., polymers with acrylate derivs. 64401-02-1D, polymers with acrylic modified epoxy resin 75977-67-2D, reaction products with acid anhydrides and half esters alcs., polymers with acrylate derivs. 110941-74-7D, reaction products with acid anhydrides and alcs., polymers with acrylate derivs. RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (coatings, radiation-cured, with improved adhesion and printability) 111-27-3D, Hexyl alcohol, reaction products with acrylic modified

KATHLEEN FULLER STIC LIBRARY 308-4290

IC

ICA

CC ST

ΙT

ΙT

IT

ΙT

ΙT

IT

IT

```
epoxy resin acid anhydride half esters, polymers with
     acrylic derivs.
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
         (coatings, radiation-cured, with improved adhesion and printability)
RN
     111-27-3 HCAPLUS
CN
     1-Hexanol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
HO-(CH_2)_5-Me
     ANSWER 20 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 1999 ACS
L73
AN
     1986:635876 HCAPLUS
DN
     105:235876
     Developer for exposed negative-working reproduction layers and
ΤI
     its use in preparing printing plates
     Mack, Gerhard; Mueller, Birgit; Jung, Guenter; Frass, Werner
IN
     Hoechst A.-G. , Fed. Rep. Ger. Ger. Offen., 32 pp.
PA
SO
     CODEN: GWXXBX
DT
     Patent
LA
     German
FAN.CNT 1
                       KIND
                             DATE
                                             APPLICATION NO.
                                                               DATE
     PATENT NO.
PΙ
     DE 3439597
                        Α1
                             19860430
                                             DE 84-3439597
                                                               19841030
     EP 180122
                        A2
                             19860507
                                             EP 85-113310
                                                               19851021
     EP 180122
                        Α3
                             19880302
     EP 180122
                        В1
                             19911023
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB/
                                      IT, LI, NL, SE
                             1989112/1
     CA 1263050
                     A1
                                             CA 85-493460
                                                               19851021
                             199111/15
                                             AT 85-113310
     AT 68892
                        Ε
                                                               19851021
                             19860,625
     ZA 8508130
                        Α
                                             ZA 85-8130
                                                               19851023
     US 4716098
                        Α
                             19871229
                                             US 85-790153
                                                               19851023
     FI 8504215
                             1986/0501
                        Α
                                             FI 85-4215
                                                               19851028
                             199/10328
     FI 83457
                        В
                             19$10710
                        С
     FI 83457
     ES 548290
                             19/921016
                                             ES 85-548290
                                                               19851028
                        Α1
     ES 548290
                             1/921116
                        Α5
                             1/9860508
     AU 8549176
                        Α1
                                             AU 85-49176
                                                               19851029
     AU 578982
                        B2
                             19881110
     BR 8505386
                             19860805
                                             BR 85-5386
                        A
                                                               19851029
     CN 85107915
                             19861001
                                             CN 85-107915
                        Α
                                                               19851029
                       19841/030
PRAI DE 84-3439597
                       19851021
     EP 85-113310
     A developer for use i/n processing neg.-working reprodn. layers
AB
     is composed of water / an org. solvent, a surfactant, an alk. reacting
     agent, a complexing agent, a buffer substance, an emulsifier, and an
     alkanoic acid. The/developer, which is esp. useful in prepg. printing
     plates, gives rapid and good development, is machine compatible and
     environmentally nompolluting, and eliminates troublesome rope and thread
     formation in the development process. Thus, a typical developer of the
     invention contained water 77, ethylene glycol monophenyl ether 3.0,
     Graham's salt 2.0, poly(vinylmethylacetamide) 2.0, pelargonic acid 4.0,
     KOH 1.0, and triethanolamine 3.0 wt.%.
IC
     ICM G03F007-00
```

- G03F007-08 CC
- 74-6 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)
- ST neg working photoimaging layer developer; surfactant developer neg photoimaging layer; alkanoic acid developer photoimaging layer
- IT Carboxylic acids, uses and miscellaneous RL: USES (Uses)

```
(developer compn. contg., for neg.-working
        photoimaging compns.)
IT
     Surfactants
        (developer compns. contq., for neg.-working photoimaging
        compns.)
IT
     Lithographic plates
        (neg.-working photosensitive compns. for prepn. of,
        developers for)
ΙT
     Printing plates
        (neg.-working photosensitive compns. for,
        developers for)
ΙT
     Vinyl acetal polymers
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (butyrals, reaction products with maleate and propenylsulfonyl
        isocyanate, neg.-working photoimaging compns. contg.,
        developers for)
     Photoimaging compositions and processes
ΙT
        (neg.-working, developers for)
                         98-85-1
                                    100-51-6, uses and miscellaneous
                                                                        102 - 71 - 6,
TT
     60-12-8
               64-02-8
     uses and miscellaneous
                              111-42-2, uses and miscellaneous
                                                                  112-05-0
                124-07-2, uses and miscellaneous
                                                    137-20-2
                                                               139-13-9
     122-99-6
                143-07-7, uses and miscellaneous
                                                    298-14-6
                                                               334-48-5
     142-31-4
     584-08-7
                1310-58-3, uses and miscellaneous
                                                     1310-73-2, uses and
     miscellaneous
                     1320-67-8
                                  1332-77-0
                                              5138-18-1D, dialkyl esters, sodium
             7601-54-9
                         9000-01-5
                                      9002-89-5
                                                  9004-32-4
                                                              9004-53-9
     salts
     10361-03-2
                  15743-44-9
                                25155-30-0
                                             26616-03-5
                                                          81180-78-1
     91449-92-2
                  105287-30-7
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (developer compn. contg., for neg.-working
        photoimaging compns.)
                                                              602-56-2
IT
     101-75-7
               110-16-7D, esters with poly(vinyl butyral)
     2509-26-4D, reaction products with methoxydiphenylaminediazonium sulfate,
                            3453-83-6D, salts with bismethoxymethyldiphenyl
     mesitylenesulfonates
     ether-methoxydiphenylaminediazonium sulfate reaction products
     9011-13-6D, alkyl esters
                                29377-89-7D, reaction products with
                                                            37279-80-4
     bismethoxymethyldiphenyl ether, acetylenesulfonates
                                98448-33-0D, reaction products with poly(vinyl
     58206-31-8
                  84886-87-3
     butyral)
                105390-28-1
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (neg.-working photoimaging compns. contg., developers for)
TΨ
     122-99-6
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (developer compn. contg., for neg.-working
        photoimaging compns.)
     122-99-6 HCAPLUS
RN
     Ethanol, 2-phenoxy- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
PhO-CH2-CH2-OH
L73
    ANSWER 21 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 1999 ACS
     1985:532391 HCAPLUS
ΑN
DN
     103:132391
ΤI
     Image reproduction materials
     Tamaoki, Nobuyuki; Katoh, Yoshio; Osako, Akitada; Kajima, Toshihiko;
ΤN
     Tanaka, Shinichi
PA
     Toyobo Co., Ltd., Japan
SO
     Ger. Offen., 46 pp.
     CODEN: GWXXBX
DT
     Patent
LA
     German
FAN.CNT 1
```

	DAMENIE NO		D	ADDITORMION NO	
•	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI			19850328	DE 84-3433384	
	JP 60060640 JP 03026825	A2 B4	19850408 19910412	JP 83-170489	19830913
	US · 4740450	A	19880426	US 87-1285	19870108
PRAI	JP 83-170489			7	
		19840			
AB	US 85-806908 An image reprodu	19851: . mate		oved resistance to	surface scratching
	is composed of a	suppo	rt carrying .g	toreg.1 photosensi	tive
	resin layers and	a scr	atch-resistant	lager contg. a co	mpd. of the
	cll-20 aliph gr	re Ali	s a mono- or di is H. OH. NH2	ivalent, straight . CN. aldehyde. CO	or branched chain 2H or an alkylamide,
					carboxylic acid or
	an alkali metal s	salt o	f a sulfonic a	cid; $m = 1-3$, and	n = 1 or 2. The
	material has a va overcoated with a			s, an Al-coated po	lyester film was
					crylate copolymer
	15, trimethylolp:	ropane	triacrylate 1	2, dimedone 1, cou	marin 0.5,
	2-(2-chloro-1-nap	ohthyl)-4,5-diphenyl:	imidazole dimer 2. 16, and MeOH 26 p	8, hydroquinone
				ial was then overc	
	wt.% soln. of ste	earic a	acid in / 1,1,1-	trichloroethane to	give a
				225 g vs. 70 g fo n given a exposure	
					material developed
	to give a 5 steps			tone image of the	
IC	ICM G03F007-02		/		
CC	ICS G03C011-08	Chemis	try/ Photochem	istry, and Photogr	aphic and Other
	Reprographic Prod	cesses) /	-	_
ST			sc f atch resista	ant toplayer; lith	og plate scratch
IT	resistant toplaye		ounds		
	Sulfonic acids,				
	RL: USES (Uses)	<i>. /</i>	, , , , ,		
	(alkalı metal photoimaging m			stant surface laye	rs contg., for
ΙT	Lithographic plat	tes /			
	(photopolymer:	izab/le	compns. contg	. scratch-resistan	t surface layer
ΙT	contg. carboxy Photoimaging com			lic acid alkali me ses	tal salt)
11	(photopolymer:	izable	, scratch-resi	stant surface laye	r contg. carboxylic
	acid or carbo	xylic a	acid alkali me	tal salt for)	-
ΙT	Carboxylic acids, RL: USES (Uses)	, uses	and miscellan	eous	
		stant	surface layer	contg., for photoi	maging materials)
ΙT				-89-5 1562 5 -89-5	25086-15-1
	25133-98-6 2869 RL: USES (Uses)	54-22-	0 81331-14-8		
		compn	s. contq., scr	atch-resistant sur	face layer contg.
	carboxylic ac	id or	carboxylic aci	d alkali metal sal	t for)
ΙT	57-10-3, uses and 111-61-5 111-8:		ellaneous 57-1 : 112-53-8 112	1-4 , uses and misc -79-8 112-80-1,	
	miscellaneous 11:				7, uses
	and miscellaneous	s 54	4-63-8, uses a	nd miscellaneous	628-97-7 629-25-4
	646-30-0 822-1 RL: USES (Uses)	6-2	1120-16-7 98	293-91 - 5	
		stant	surface laver	contg., for photoi	.maging materials)
IT	57-11-4, uses and				J J
	RL: USES (Uses)	etant	surface laws:	conta for what	maging materials)
RN	57-11-4 HCAPLUS	scant	surrace rayer	contg., for photoi	.maging materials)

LEE 09/262077 Page 31

Octadecanoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN HO_2C^- (CH₂)₁₆-Me 112-92-5 HCAPLUS RN CN 1-Octadecanol (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) $HO-(CH_2)_{17}-Me$ ANSWER 22 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 1999 ACS L73 1984:219074 HCAPLUS ΑN DN 100:219074 ΤI Support for lithographic printing plates foru; Iwaki, Akio IN Yamamoto, Takeshi; Suzuki, Norihito; Aoki, PA Konishiroku Photo Industry Co., Ltd. , Japan SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 58 pp. CODEN: EPXXDW DT Patent LA English FAN.CNT 1 KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. PATENT NO. DATE ____ EP 97503 A2 19840104 **E**P 83-303514 19830617 PΙ EP 97503 A3 19840229 EP 97503 В1 19880817 R: DE, FR, GB US 4492740 19850108 US 83-503186 19830610 Α 19820618 PRAI JP 82-105724 A support for lithog. printing plat #s which provides plates with long printing life and excellent adhesion of the photosensitive layer comprises an Fe material with an electrodeposited Cr layer. Thus, a 15 .mu. thick carbon steel plate was subjected to electrochem. pretreatment using an Fe cathode and an electrolyte contg. chromic acid 100 g, 64% nitric acid 0.8, H2O 1000 L at 25/degree. (c.d. 4 A/cm2) for 1 min, washed, placed in a soln. contg. Ehromic acid 430, Ba nitrate 3.8, ammonium hydrofluoride 5, AcOH 0 /2, Ba fluoride 0.1 kg, 64% HNO3 1.2, H2O 1000 L and subjected to electrol ψ sis using a Pb plate anode (c.d. 20 A/cm2) at 30.degree. for 3 min, washed with H2O, dipped in an aq. 5% caustic soda soln. at 40.degree for 1 min, washed with H2O, dipped in an aq. CMC Na salt soln. (0.07 wt.) for 1 min, washed, and dried. The obtained support was coated with a compn. contg. In oxide 95, 50% methylsilicone resin 8∅, PhMe 100, EtOH 25 parts to give a 1 .mu. layer, neg. charged, imagewise exposed, toned with a polystyrene-based toner, and #eat-fixed to give a printing plate which yielded 300,000 excellent prihts. IC B41N001-08 74-6 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other CC Reprographic Processes) lithog plate support electrodeposited chromium; iron chromium electrodeposited lithog plate Epoxy resins, uses and miscellaneous ΙT Phenolic resins, uses and miscellaneous Siloxanes and Silicones, uses and miscellaneous RL: PREP (Preparation) (photosensitive layer contg., in prepn. of lithog. printing plate with support from iron material with electrodeposited chromium layer) ΙT Lithographic plates (supports, from iron material with electrodeposited chromium layer) KATHLEEN FULLER STIC LIBRARY 308-4290

LEE 09/262077

Page 32

ΙT 111-42-2, uses and miscellaneous 122-99-6 RL: USES (Uses) (developer compn. contg., in prepn. of lithog. printing plates, with support from iron material contq. electrodeposited chromium layer) IT 7440-47-3, uses and miscellaneous RL: USES (Uses) (electrodeposition of layer of, on iron plate material, in prepn. of lithog. printing plate support) 64-19-7, uses and miscellaneous 1341-49-7 7697-37-2, uses and IT miscellaneous 7738-94-5 7787-32-8 10022-31-8 RL: USES (Uses) (electrolyte soln. contg., for electrodeposition of chromium layer on iron plate material, in prepn. of lithog. printing plate support) IT 110-80-5 147-14-8 1314-13-2, uses and miscellaneous RL: USES (Uses) (electrophotog. plate for lithog. printing plate fabrication with coating contg., supports for, from iron material with electrodeposited chromium layer) IT 1308-38-9, uses and miscellaneous RL: USES (Uses) (lithog. printing plate support from iron material with electrodeposited chromium layer contg.) 11121-90-7, uses and miscellaneous IT 7439-89-6, uses and miscellaneous 12597-69-2, uses and miscellaneous RL: USES (Uses) (lithog. printing plate support from, electrodeposition of chromium layer on) 25085-50-1 25086-36-6 36451-09-9 62655-78-1 73904-07-1 ΙT 1328-54-7 77347-95-6 81031-52-9 84135-66-0 RL: USES (Uses) (lithog. printing plate with photosensitive coating contg., supports for, comprising iron material with electrodeposited chromium layer) IT 86-93-1 92-43-3 123-31-9, uses and miscellaneous 1310-73-2, uses and 7772-98-7 7757-82-6, uses and miscellaneous miscellaneous RL: USES (Uses) (photog. developer contg., in prepn. of lithog. printing plates, with support from iron material contq. electrodeposited chromium layer) IT 106-91-2D, reaction products with xylylenediamine 3524-62-7 26603-36-1D, reaction products with glycidyl methacrylate 39921-03-4 59190-77-1 RL: USES (Uses) (photopolymeric compn. contg., for prepn. for printing plate, support for, from iron material contg. electrodeposited chromium layer) TΤ 122-99-6 RL: USES (Uses) (developer compn. contg., in prepn. of lithog. printing plates, with support from iron material contq. electrodeposited chromium layer) 122-99-6 HCAPLUS RN Ethanol, 2-phenoxy- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN PhO-CH2-CH2-OH

L73 ANSWER 23 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 1999 ACS

AN 1984:15330 HCAPLUS

DN 100:15330

TI Photosensitive resin compositions

PA Hitachi, Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

$$R^{3}$$
 R^{4}
 R^{5}
 R^{7}
 R^{7}
 R^{7}

Photosensitive resin compns. are composed of (1)
80-99.9 wt.% of a polymer having repeating units of the formula
CH2CMeC(CO-p-C6H4R) (R = H, Me, MeO, Cl, Br, I, NH2, NMe2) 10-100 and
other repeating units from vinyl monomers 0-90 mol% and (2) 0.1-20 wt.% of
.gtoreq.1 sensitizer selected from R1C6H4COC6H4R2 (R1, R2 = H, alkyl,
alkoxy, OH, NH2, NO2, halo), I (R3, R4 = H, alkyl, alkoxy, OH, NH2, NO2,
halo), II (R5 = OR8, CO2R8; R6, R7 = H, alkyl, alkoxy, OH, NH2, NO2,
halo; R8 = H, alkyl), and R9C6H4COZC6H4R10 (R9, R10 = H, alkyl, alkoxy, OH, NH2,
NO2, halo; Z = CO, CHOH). The photosensitive compns. are esp.
useful as pos.-working UV resists. Thus, Me methacrylate-Ph isopropenyl
ketone copolymer 95 and p-methoxybenzoic acid 5 parts were mixed in Me
isobutyl ketone to give a resist soln., coated on a Si wafer, imagewise
exposed to a Hg lamp, and developed to form high-resoln. resist patterns.

IC C08F002-50; C08K005-06; C08K005-07; C08K005-10; C08L029-12; G03C001-72;
G03F007-10; H01L021-302; H05K003-06

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

ST photoresist isopropenyl phenyl ketone polymer

IT Resists

(photo-, pos.-working, UV-sensitive, Ph isopropenyl ketone deriv. polymers as)

84-47-9 84-51-5 84-54-8 IT 65-85-0, uses and miscellaneous 98-73-7 99-93-4 99-94-5 100-09-4 118-90-1 99-04-7 91-10-1 119-61-9, uses and miscellaneous 134-85-0 119-53-9 134-81-6 579-75-9 611-94-9 1137-42-4 1144-74-7 2835-77-0 74033-01-5 78380-18-4 78380-19-5 87961-56-6 87961-57-7 RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (photoresist compns. contg., UV-sensitive pos.-working)

IT 121-97-1P 3644-57-3P 3644-59-5P 3644-61-9P 6281-80-7P 79219-33-3P 87961-00-0P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and reaction of)

IT 6230-73-5P 42071-66-9P 84598-15-2P

IT 123-62-6

RL: RCT (Reactant)

(reaction of, with anisole)

IT 79-03-8

RL: RCT (Reactant)

(reaction of, with halobenzenes)

IT 93-55-0 5337-93-9

RL: RCT (Reactant)

(reaction of, with paraformaldehyde and piperidine hydrochloride)
KATHLEEN FULLER STIC LIBRARY 308-4290

```
IL
     6091-44-7
     RL: RCT (Reactant)
        (reaction of, with paraformaldehyde and propiophenone derivs.)
IT
     100-66-3, reactions
     RL: RCT (Reactant)
        (reaction of, with propionic anhydride)
     108-86-1, reactions 108-90-7, reactions
                                                  591-50-4
TT
     RL: RCT (Reactant)
        (reaction of, with propionyl chloride)
TT
     30525-89-4
     RL: RCT (Reactant)
        (reaction of, with propiophenone derivs. and piperidine hydrochloride)
     65-85-0, uses and miscellaneous
TT
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (photoresist compns. contg., UV-sensitive pos.-working)
RN
     65-85-0 HCAPLUS
     Benzoic acid (7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
```

L73 ANSWER 24 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 1999 ACS 1982:536655 HCAPLUS ΑN DN 97:136655 Light-sensitive compositions ΤI Goto, Kiyoshi; Yamamoto, Takeshi; Kita, Noriyasu IN Konishiroku Photo Industry Co., Ltd., Japan PA SO Ger. Offen., 20 pp. CODEN: GWXXBX DT Patent LA German FAN.CNT 1 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO.

19820701 DE 81-3144656 19811110 PΙ DE 3144656 Α1 JP 80-160494 19801113 JP 57084450 Α2 19820526 PRAI JP 80-160494 19801113 A presensitized pos.-working material for printing plates or printed circuits, developable with an aq. alk. soln., carries on a metal, film, or paper support a photosensitive o-naphthoquinoediazide-novolac resin condensate, a basic triphenylmethane (or azine or anthraquinone) dye 1-30% of the diazide, a halogen-contg. arom. diazonium salt as fluoride of P, B, As, or Sb or as chloride of Sn, Bi, or Zn, sol. or SO3R (R = alkyl, aryl, or aralkyl) ester group 1-50%. This ester

in org. solvents, 0.5-8%, and a naphthoquinonediazide with .gtoreq.1 CO2R or SO3R (R = alkyl, aryl, or aralkyl) ester group 1-50%. This ester lowers the amt. of diazonium salt required to improve the visibility of the image, which in larger amts. interferes with the sensitivity and developability of the material. Thus, a 2.78 g/m2 coating was obtained on a 240 .mu. sand-blasted and brush-polished Al sheet by applying a soln. of a condensate of 1,2-naphthoquinone-2-diazido-5-sulfonyl chloride with a m-cresol-HCHO novolac resin 1.0, 1,2-naphthaoquinone-2-diazido-4-sulfonic acid 2,4-dinitriophenyl ester 0.1, cresol-HCHO resin 3.0, p-diazodiphenylamine hexafluorophosphate 0.04, and Victoria Pure Blue 0.04 in (-CH2OH)2 40 parts and drying 3 min at 110.degree. Immediately after exposure to a 2-kW metal halide lamp through a pos. transparency at 1 m for 70 s, a contrast image was visible, and after 45 s development in a 4% aq. Na2,siO3 soln. the plate yielded

DATE

LEE 09/262077

Page 35

numerous offset prints of excellent quality. IC G03F007-08; G03C001-52 CC 74-6 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes) photoresist diazonium salt naphthoguinonediazide; presensitized lithog plate photosensitive compn; elec circuit printed photosensitive compn IT Lithographic plates (sensitized, photosensitive compns. contg. diazonium salt and naphthoquinone diazide for) IT (photo-, pos.-working, contg. diazonium salt and naphthoquinone diazide) IT Electric circuits (printed, photosensitive compns. contq. diazonium salt and naphthoquinone diazide for fabrication of) ΙT 62655-78-1 RL: USES (Uses) (in cresol-formaldehyde copolymer 1,2-naphthaquinone-2-diazido-5sulfonatephotosensitive compns. contg. diazodiphenylene hexafluorophosphate and, for presensitized lithog. plate fabrication) ΙT 68541-73-1 RL: USES (Uses) (photosensitive compn. contg. cresol-formaldehyde naphthoquinone diazidosulfonate and, for presensitized lithog. plate fabrication) ΙT 57-11-4, uses and miscellaneous 1317-40-4 28935-25-3 82970-40-9 RL: USES (Uses) (photosensitive compn. contg., for presensitized lithog. plate fabrication) ΙT 82970-39-6 71244-40-1 RL: USES (Uses) (photosensitive compns. contg. acid aldehyde-resorcinol copolymer naphthoquinone diazidosulfonate and diazodiphenylamine tetrafluoroborate and, for presensitized lithog. plate fabrication) 75040-15-2 TΤ 65722-01-2 RL: USES (Uses) (photosensitive compns. contg. cresol-formaldehyde copolymer naphthoquinone diazidosulfonate and diazodiphenylamine hexafluorophosphate and, for presensitized lithog. plate fabrication) 68584-99-6 IT 54990-32-8 RL: USES (Uses) (photosensitive compns. contg. diazodiphenylamine fluorophosphate and, for presensitized lithog. plate fabrication) ΙT 83045-84-5 RL: USES (Uses) (photosensitive compns. contg. diazodiphenylamine tetrafluoroborate and, for presensitized lithog. plate fabrication) IT 9016-83-5 RL: USES (Uses) (photosensitive compns. contg., for presensitized lithog. plate fabrication) ΙT 57-11-4, uses and miscellaneous RL: USES (Uses) (photosensitive compn. contg., for presensitized lithog, plate fabrication) 57-11-4 HCAPLUS RN Octadecanoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

 HO_2C^- (CH₂)₁₆-Me

```
L73
     ANSWER 25 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 1999 ACS
ΑN
     1982:172187 HCAPLUS
DN
     96:172187
ΤI
     Polyamide printing plate having an improved contact with an image-bearing
     film
     Fujikawa, Junichi; Togashi, Osamu; Kashio, Shigetra
IN
PA
     Toray Industries, Inc. , Japan
SO
     Eur. Pat. Appl., 25 pp.
     CODEN: EPXXDW
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
FAN.CNT 1
                                                                  DATE
     PATENT NO.
                        KIND
                               DATE
                                                APPLICATION NO.
PΙ
     EP 46047
                         A1
                               19820217
                                                EP 81-30354/7
                                                                   19810803
                         В1
     EP 46047
                               19840620
         R: DE, FR, GB, IT
     JP 57034557
                        A2
                               19820224
                                                JP 80-108630
                                                                   19800807
     JP 63014337
                         B4
                               19880330
     US 4576897
                         Α
                               19860318
                                                US 84-6/84972
PRAI JP 80-108630
                        19800807
     US 81-288324
                       19810730
     US 83-545113
                        19831025
     The contact of an image-bearing film to the surface of a
AB
     photosensitive polyamide printing plate is improved by forming an
     anti-stickness layer comprising a polymer sol. or dispersible in
     a developer and having a thickness of 0/2-20 .mu.. Thus, a 100 .mu.
     polyester film support was coated with A 15 wt.% soln. of a
     partially sapond. poly(vinyl acetate) in a MeOH-H2O (60/40) mixt., dried at 120.degree. for 1 min to form a 2 mu. coating, overcoated with a 10 wt.% soln. contg. 90 parts of copolyanide of caprolactam-adipic
     acid-hexamethylenediamine-poly(ethylene glycol diamine) and 10 parts of a
     partially sapond. poly(vinyl acetate in a MeOH-H2O (60/40) mixt., dried
     at 120.degree. for 30 min (the total thickness of both layers was 3.5
     .mu.), and applied under pressure t \not b an EtOH-wetted surface of a
     photosensitive polymer layer coated on a metal support
     (the photosensitive layer contg. caprolactam-adipic
     acid-hexamethylenediamine-poly(ethylene glycol diamine) copolyamide
     reacted with a small amt. of glycadyl methacrylate, an acrylate type vinyl
     monomer and di-Me benzyl ketal) to transfer a matte coating . After sepn. of the cover film, the obtained printing plate was contacted with a
     neg., exposed, and developed to provide a very sharp image.
TC
     G03C001-70; G03C001-68; G03F007-10
CC
     74-6 (Radiation Chemistry, Phot∳chemistry, and Photographic and Other
     Reprographic Processes)
ST
     polyamide printing plate matte cover; antisticking layer polyamide
     printing plate
IT
     Vinyl acetal polymers
     RL: USES (Uses)
         (partially sapond., photosensitive polyamide printing plate
        with anti-sticking layer contg.)
IT
     Printing plates
         (photosensitive polyamide | based compn. with
        anti-sticking layer for fabrication of)
ΙT
     Polyamides, uses and miscellaneous
     RL: PREP (Preparation)
         (photosensitive printing plate contg., prepn. of
        anti-sticking layer for)
ΙT
     25038-54-4D, N-methoxymethylated
     RL: USES (Uses)
         (in printing plate fabrication)
IT
     111-46-6, uses and miscellaneous
                                            123-31-9, uses and
                             KATHLEEN FULLER STIC LIBRARY 308-4290
```

```
miscellaneous 574-09-4
                                            25038-54-4D, methoxymethylated
                                3524-62-7
     27030-83-7D, quaternarized with acrylic acid 60472-30-2
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (photosensitive polyamide printing plate contg., prepn. of
        anti-sticking layer for)
                 79321-68-9
                             81771-74-6
TΤ
     9002-89-5
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (photosensitive polyamide printing plate with anti-sticking
        layer contg.)
                  81771-75-7
     24650-42-8
IT
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (photosensitive polymer printing plate contg.,
        prepn. of anti-sticking layer for)
     50586-48-6
TT
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (printing plate anti-sticking layer contg.)
     111-46-6, uses and miscellaneous
IT
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (photosensitive polyamide printing plate contg., prepn. of
        anti-sticking layer for)
RN
     111-46-6 HCAPLUS
     Ethanol, 2,2'-oxybis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
HO-CH2-CH2-O-CH2-CH2-OH
    ANSWER 26 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 1999 ACS
L73
ΑN
     1982:133223 HCAPLUS
DN
     96:133223
     Light-sensitive color proofing film with surfactant in ≠ light-sensitive
ΤI
     coating
IN
     Liu, Shuchen
     American Hoechst Corp., USA
PA
SO
     U.S., 9 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 45,468
                                                         abandoned.
     CODEN: USXXAM
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
FAN.CNT 2
                                           APPLICATION NO.
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND
                            DATE
                                                             DATE
                                           U$ 80-154737
ΡI
     US 4299906
                       Α
                            19811110
                                                             19800530
                                           ⊄A 80-353135
     CA 1146397
                       A1
                            19830517
                                                             19800530
     JP 56019055
                                            JP 80-72855
                       Α2
                            19810223
                                                             19800602
     JP 01046860
                       В4
                            19891011
PRAI US 79-45468
                      19790601
     A color proofing film having increased developability is described. The
AB
     film consists of a substantially transparent polymeric base sheet carrying
     a thin coating of a light-sens/tive compn. contg. a colorant, a
     light-sensitive material, and an effective amt. of an anionic surfactant
     obtained by the reaction of P205 with a condensation product of an
     alkylene oxide and an org/compd. contg. a reactive H. Thus, a biaxially
     oriented transparent poly(ethylene terephthalate) film was coated with a
     compn. contg. an acrylic polymer 5.1, Orasol Yellow 3GLC
     0.86, Orasol Black RL 6.02, o-quinone diazide 12.04, and GAFAC
     RE-610 6.00 g and dried. The resulting sheet was employed as a black pos.
     color proofing film which was dry and tack-free. Its reflectance on the
     Hunter L scale was 11.5.
IC
     G03C001-78; G03C001-60; G03C001-68
NCL
     430157000
CC
     74-6 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other
     Reprographic Processes)
     color proofing film printing; surfactant photosensitive color
ST
                          KATHLEEN FULLER STIC LIBRARY 308-4290
```

proofing film; phosphate ester color proofing film; developability color proofing film surfactant

IT Printing

(color proofing films for, contg. anionic surfactant for increased developability)

IT Acrylic polymers, uses and miscellaneous

RL: USES (Uses)

(photosensitive color proofing film contg. anionic surfactant and, for increased developability)

IT Surfactants

(anionic, photosensitive color proofing films contg., for increased developability)

IT 81-88-9 **104-15-4**, uses and miscellaneous 602-56-2 989-38-8 4024-72-0 12239-74-6 15625-89-5 25086-15-1 25215-62-7 37279-80-4 61725-88-0 61901-87-9 81180-38-3 RL: USES (Uses)

(photosensi'tive color proofing film contg. anionic surfactant and, for increased developability)

IT 9046-01-9 12624-06-5 12674-35-0 39464-64-7 51811-79-1 77323-36-5 77323-37-6 77323-38-7 77430-62-7 77430-63-8 77430-64-9 RL: USES (Uses)

(photosensitive color proofing films contg., for increased developability)

IT 104-15-4, uses and miscellaneous

RL: USES (Uses)

(photosensitive color proofing film contg. anionic surfactant and, for increased developability)

RN 104-15-4 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L73 ANSWER 27 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 1999 ACS

AN 1979:475374 HCAPLUS

DN 91:75374

TI Degradable synthetic resin compositions

IN Odate, Ryoji; Miyahara, Yuuichi

PA Shiseido Co., Ltd., Japan

SO U.S., 9 pp. CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
US 4156666 A 19790529 US 75-627818 19751031

PI US 4156666 A 19790529 US 75-627818 19751031

The title degradable resin compns. consist of polyethylene
[9002-88-4] or polypropylene [9003-07-0], .ltoreq.10 wt.%

stearic acid [57-11-4] or myristyl myristate (I) [3234-85-3]

as degrdn. promoter, and, optionally, 10-60 wt.% CaCO3 filler to reduce the heat of combustion of the compn. and to promote photodegrdn. The photodegradability is also improved by the presence of benzophenone [119-61-9]. Thus, a sample of 1.00-mm thick polyethylene sheet contg. 5% I lost .apprx.20% of its tensile strength when exposed (JIS-L-0824) to a carbon arc fade meter for 120 h on one side and 120 h on the other, and a sample contg. 5% I and 40% CaCO3 lost .apprx.50% of its strength during the same exposure test.

LEE 09/262077

Page 39

```
IC
     C08L091-00
NCL
     260023000H
CC
     36-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)
     Section cross-reference(s): 19
ST
     polyethylene compn degradable; polypropylene compn
     degradable; degradability polyolefin compn; photodegradability
     polyolefin compn; stearic acid promoter photodegrdn; myristyl
     myristate promoter photodegrdn; fatty acid promoter photodegrdn;
     benzophenone photosensitizer polyolefin
ΙT
     Bottles
         (polyethylene, photodegradable)
     Agriculture and Agricultural chemistry
IT
        (polyolefin films for, degradable)
ΙT
     Polymer degradation catalysts
        (photochem., myristyl myristate and steric acid, for polyethylene and
        polypropylene)
     57-11-4, reactions RL: RCT (Reactant)
ΙT
         (degrdn. promoters, for polyethylene and polypropylene compns.)
IT
     3234-85-3
     RL: USES (Uses)
         (degrdn. promoters, for polyethylene and polypropylene compns.)
IT
     471-34-1, uses and miscellaneous
     RL: USES (Uses)
         (fillers, polyethylene and polypropylene compns. contg.,
        photodegradable)
IT
     9002-88-4
                  9003-07-0
     RL: USES (Uses)
         (photodegradable)
ΙT
     119-61-9, uses and miscellaneous
     RL: USES (Uses)
         (photosensitizers, polyethylene and polypropylene compns.
        contg., degradable)
IT
     57-11-4, reactions
     RL: RCT (Reactant)
        (degrdn. promoters, for polyethylene and polypropylene compns.)
     57-11-4 HCAPLUS
RN
     Octadecanoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
HO_2C-(CH_2)_{16}-Me
L73 ANSWER 28 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 1999 ACS
     1978:520928 HCAPLUS
ΑN
DN
     89:120928
TI
     Light-sensitive copying composition
IN
     Palmer, Roland
     Hoechst A.-G., Ger.
PA
SO
     Ger. Offen., 54 pp.
     CODEN: GWXXBX
DT
     Patent
T.A
     German
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                             DATE
                       ____
PΙ
     DE 2739774
                       A1
                             19780309
                                             DE 77-2739774
                                                              19770903
     DE 2739774
                       C2
                             19891130
     AU 7728408
                       A1
                             19790308
                                            AU 77-28408
                                                              19770831
     AU 520188
                       B2
                             19820121
                       A1
                                             BE 77-180680
                                                              19770905
     BE 858410
                             19780306
     SE 7709953
                       Α
                             19780309
                                             SE 77-9953
                                                              19770905
     NL 7709745
                        Α
                             19780310
                                            NL 77-9745
                                                              19770905
```

```
19770905
     FR 2364488
                        A1
                             19780407
                                             FR 77-26804
     FR 2364488
                        В1
                             19800118
                                                               19770,806
     BR 7705952
                        Α
                             19780627
                                             BR 77-5952
                                                               1977/0906
                                             ZA 77-5351
     ZA 7705351
                        Α
                             19780726
                                                               19/170906
                                             ES 77-462165
     ES 462165
                        A1
                             19781101
                                             AT 77-6398
                                                               19770906
     AT 7706398
                        Α
                             19790615
     AT 354843
                        В
                             19790125
     US 4186017
                        Α
                             19800129
                                             US 77-830771
                                                               19770906
     GB 1589225
                        Α
                             19810507
                                             GB 77-37161/
                                                               19770906
     CA 1112092
                        A1
                             19811110
                                             CA 77-2861/18
                                                               19770906
                                             DK 77-3983
     DK 7703983
                        Α
                             19780309
                                                               19770907
                                             JP 77-208336
     JP 53033116
                        Α2
                             19780328
                                                               19770908
PRAI LU 76-75749
                       19760908
     Neg.-working, light-sensitive copying compons. for the prodn. of
     high-prodn. offset printing plates, sti\mathcal M copies, color sepns., screens,
     and etch resists are composed f a diazønium salt condensation product, a
     polyurethane that is a prepolymer with free isocyanato end groups, and an
     acid stabilizer. A non-drying alkyd resin may also be added. Thus, a typical compn. contained 31.0 wt parts of a
     polyurethane prepolymer with 7.0%/free NCO end groups from 1,4-butanediol
     1, polypropylene glycol (mol. wt/1000) 1, 2,4-
     toluenediisocyanate 8, and 1,1, /-trimethylolpropane 2 mols, 20.2
     wt. parts of an alkyd resin, 31.2 wt. parts of
     paraformaldehyde condensate with diphenylamine-4-diazonium chloride or
     3-methoxydiphenylamine-4-diazonium chloride, 3.2 wt. % of
     p-02NC6H4N:NC6H4NEt(CH2CH2OH/p, 0.8 wt. % of metanil yellow, and
     1800.0 wt. parts of Me glycøl.
IC
     G03C001-54
     74-8 (Radiation Chemistry / Photochemistry, and Photographic Processes)
CC
     photoimaging compn diazon/ium compd; urethane polymer
ST
     diazo photoimaging; acid/stabilizer diazo photoimaging; lithog plate
     diazonium compd; photoresist diazonium compd; photoduplication diazonium
     compd
ΙT
     Photoimaging compositions and processes
        (contg. diazonium salt, polyurethane, and acid stabilizer)
     Urethane polymers, uses and miscellaneous
TΤ
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (photoimaging compns. contg. diazonium salt, acid stabilizer, and)
ΙT
     Alkyd resins
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (photoimaging compns. contg. diazonium salt, urethane polymer
        , acid stabilizer, and)
ΙT
     Diazo process
     Lithographic plates
     Photoduplication
        (photosensitive compns. contg. diazonium salt, polyurethane,
        and acid stabilizer for)
IT
        (photo-, photosensitive compns. contg. diazonium salt,
        polyurethane, and acid stabilizer for)
     2509-26-4D, reaction product with methoxydiphenylaminediazonium sulfate
TT
     58622-64-3
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (photoimaging compn. contg.)
TT
     7664-93-9, uses and miscellaneous
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (photoimaging compns. contg. urethane polymer,
        compd. and)
     67326-47-0D, reaction product with dinitrochlorobenzenediazonium salt
IT
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (photoimaging compns. contq. urethane polymer, acid
        stabilizer, and)
     29377-89-7D, reaction product with bis(methoxymethyldiphenyl) ether
IT
```

KATHLEEN FULLER STIC LIBRARY 308-4290

RL: USES (Uses)

RL: USES (Uses) (photoimaging compns. contg. diazonium salt, urethane polymer

and)
IT 147-14-8 547-58-0 548-62-9 587-98-4 989-38-8 2872-52-8
67366-77-2

RL: USES (Uses)

(photoimaging compns. contg. diazonium salt, urethane polymer, acid stabilizer, and)

IT **104-15-4**, properties

RL: PRP (Properties)

(photoimaging compns. contg. diazonium salt, urethane polymer, and)

IT 7601-90-3, uses and miscellaneous 11113-50-1

RL: USES (Uses)

(photoimaging compns. contg. diazonium salt, urethane polymer, and)

IT 29989-17-1 67325-90-0

RL: USES (Uses)

(photoimaging compns. contg. urethane polymer, acid stabilizer and)

IT 104-15-4, properties

RL: PRP (Properties)

(photoimaging compns. contg. diazonium salt, urethane polymer, and)

RN 104-15-4 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L73 ANSWER 29 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 1999 ACS

AN 1978:451423 HCAPLUS

DN 89:51423

TI Electrophotographic film

IN Takahata, Kei; Murakami, Hajime

PA Ishihara Sangyo Kaisha, Ltd., Japan

SO Ger. Offen., 37 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DT Patent

LA German

FAN.CNT 1

FAN.	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
		·			
ΡI	DE 2643059	A1	19780406	DE 76-2643059	19760924
	DE 2643059	B2	19790222		
	DE 2643059	C3	19791018		

AB Electrophotog. recording materials are described which consist of a conductive support carrying a photosensitive layer from powd.

TiO2 contg. 0.001-5 mol % (based on the TiO2) of Li, Zn, Ca, and Ba in its crystal structure and a nonconductive acrylic polymer binder. The metal-doped TiO2 may be obtained by calcining TiO2 at 700-980.degree., thermal hydrolysis of an acid aq. soln. contg. hydrated KATHLEEN FULLER STIC LIBRARY 308-4290

TiO2 and calcining at 700-980.degree., or oxidative decompn. of TiCl4 in the vapor phase at 700-980.degree.. A sensitizer may also be added to the surface of the material to improve its electrophotog. properties. Thus, hydrated TiO2 (prepd. by hydrolysis of TiCl4) contg. ZnO 0.5 mol % was calcined at 800.degree. and then pulverized to give TiO2 particles of .apprx.0.5 .mu.. A photosensitive layer prepd. from this TiO2 and Styresol 4440 had an original charge of 980 V, a charge-retention in the dark of 80%, and a potential half-value of 1.6 s vs. 300 V, 62%, and 1.45 s for an uncalcined material. G03G005-087 74-3 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic Processes) calcined titanium dioxide photoconductor electrophotog Acrylic polymers, uses and miscellaneous Alkyd resins RL: USES (Uses) (binders, for electrophotog. photoconductive compns. contg. calcined metal-doped titanium dioxide) Photography, electro-, photoconductors (calcined metal-doped titanium dioxide as) Alcohols, uses and miscellaneous Carboxylic acids, uses and miscellaneous Phenols, uses and miscellaneous RL: USES (Uses) (electrophotog. photoconductive compns. contg. calcined metal-doped titanium oxide and, for improved properties) Naphthenic acids, compounds RL: USES (Uses) (zinc salts, electrophotog. photoconductive compns. contg. acrylic polymer and calcined titanium dioxide doped with) Alkyd resins (styrene-modified, binders, for electrophotog. photoconductive compns. contg. calcined metal-doped titanium dioxide) 66795-59-3 66795-61-7 RL: USES (Uses) (binder, for electrophotog. photoconductive compn. contg. calcined metal-doped titanium dioxide) 66812-94-0 53570-70-0 RL: USES (Uses) (binders, for electrophotog. photoconductive compns. contg. calcined metal-doped titanium dioxide) 13463-67-7, properties RL: PRP (Properties) (electrophotog. photoconductive compns. contg. acrylic polymer and calcined metal-doped) 62-54-4 142-72-3 546-89-4 557-09-5 557-34-6 7439-93-2, uses and 7439-95-4, uses and miscellaneous 7440-66-6, uses and miscellaneous 7440-66-6D, naphthenates miscellaneous 7440-70-2, uses and miscellaneous RL: USES (Uses) (electrophotog. photoconductive compns. contg. acrylic polymer and calcined titanium dioxide doped with) 62-53-3, uses and miscellaneous 85-44-9 95-54-5, uses and 97-53-0 106-44-5, uses and miscellaneous miscellaneous 108-95-2, uses and miscellaneous 111-40-0 111-87-5, uses and 112-53-8 112-80-1, uses and miscellaneous 122-39-4, uses and miscellaneous 25497-48-7 66795-51-5 66795-52-6 66796-19-8 66796-20-1 66812-96-2 RL: USES (Uses) (electrophotog, photoconductive compns. contg. calcined metal-doped titanium oxide and, for improved properties) 72-48-0 81-61-8 81-88-9 518-47-8 553-24-2 632-99-5 989-38-8 1787-61-7 2429-74-5 2650-18-2 3374-30-9 3486-30-4 3564-18-9 6415-98-1 28631-66-5 4712-70-3 18472-89-4 37187-87-4 62152-67-4

CC

ST

IT

ΙT

ΙT

IT

IT

TΤ

TΤ

IT

IT

ΙT

66796-36-9

66796-37-0

KATHLEEN FULLER STIC LIBRARY 308-4290

66812-95-1

66796-38-1

RL: USES (Uses) (sensitizer, for electrophotog. photoconductive compns. contg. calcined metal-doped titanium dioxide) ΙT 7550-45-0, properties 13693-11-3 RL: USES (Uses) (thermal hydrolysis of aq. solns. of, in titanium dioxide prepn.) ΙT 112-92-5 RL: USES (Uses) (electrophotog. photoconductive compns. contg. calcined metal-doped titanium oxide and, for improved properties) RN 112-92-5 HCAPLUS 1-Octadecanol (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN $HO-(CH_2)_{17}-Me$ ANSWER 30 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 1999 ACS L73 ΑN 1978:81820 HCAPLUS DN 88:81820 ΤI Heat-developable, light-sensitive material for electrostatic imaging Kobayashi, Hajime; Yano, Yasuhiro; Endo, Ichiro IN PA Canon K. K., Japan Ger. Offen., 100 pp. SO CODEN: GWXXBX DT Patent LA German FAN.CNT 1 APPLICATION NO. DATE PATENT NO. KIND DATE 19770728 DE 2702227 DE 77-2702227 19770120 PΙ Α1 19770729 JP 76-6497 JP 52090305 A2 19760123 19820**\$**26 JP 57024914 B4 1977**/**729 JP 52090306 JP 76-7732 A2 19760126 JP 57029698 1982/0624 В4 JP 52090308 JP 76-7734 197/10729 19760126 Α2 JP 57029699 19/820624 B4 JP 52090924 A2 1**Ø**770730 JP 76-7731 19760126 JP 60004454 **1**9850204 B4 GB 1574844 19800910 GB 77-1382 19770113 A FR 2339186 19770819 FR 77-1818 19770121 Α1 FR 2339186 19810807 B1 CA 1104862 A1 19810714 CA 77-270237 19770121 AU 7721565 A1 19780803 AU 77-21565 19770124 AU 511450 B/2 19800821 US 80-125672 US 4273845 19810616 19800228 PRAI JP 76-6497 **1**9760123 JP 76-7731 19760126 19760126 JP 76-7732 19760126 JP 76-7734 19770121 US 77-761368 Heat-developable, photosensitive materials for the making of AB electrostatic images with improved electrostatic characteristics consist of a support coated with a compn. contq. a Aq salt of an orq. acid, an org. acid, a halide, such as a Ag halide, or a compd. that reacts with the org. Ag salt to form a Ag halide, a reducing agent, and an elec. insulating binder with a dielec. strength of .gtoreq.10 kV/mm and an equil. moisture value of .ltoreq.3.0% at a relative humidity of 20-100%. The materials may also carry a kaolin top layer. Thus, to a dispersion contg. a Ag behenate-behenic acid (80:20) mixt. 25, PhMe 120, and MeCOEt 120 g were added poly(vinyl butyral) (as a 20 wt. % EtOH soln.)

60 and EtOH 40 g. After mixing, a soln. of mercury acetate 120 mg in MeOH 25 mL, a soln. of CaBr2 200 mg in MeOH 25 mL, and phthalazinone 2.5 g were KATHLEEN FULLER STIC LIBRARY 308-4290

LEE 09/262077

Page 44

added and the mixt. coated on a resin-coated paper and dried to give an 8 .mu. thick layer. An overcoating contg. 2,2'-methylenebis(6tert-butyl-p-cresol) 1.5, phthalazinone 0.3, cellulose acetate 10, and Me2CO 30 g was then added and dried to give a 4 .mu. thick layer. This material was then imagewise exposed (2500 lx) to a pos. image for 20 s by using a W source and developed for 5 s at 130.degree. to give a neg. visible image that could be used as an electrostatic master to produce up to 1000 quality prints. G03G007-00 74-3 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic Processes) photothermog master electrostatic imaging Terpenes and Terpenoids, polymers RL: PREP (Preparation) (binders, for photothermog. copying materials for prepn. of electrog. masters) Photothermography (photosensitive compns. for, for prodn. of masters for electrostatic imaging) Vinyl acetal polymers RL: PREP (Preparation) (butyrals, binders, for photothermog. copying materials for prepn. of electrog. masters) Electrography (masters, photothermog. copying material for prepn. of) 9004-35-7 9003-53-6 9004-36-8 24937-78-8 9003-20-7 RL: USES (Uses) (binders, for photothermog. copying materials for prepn. of electrog. masters) 79-15-2 57-11-4, uses and miscellaneous 112-85-6 119-39-1 119-47-1 142-71-2 143-07-7, uses and miscellaneous 373-02-4 1600-27-7 905-97-5 2489-05-6 3264-82-2 5931-89-5 543-90-8 7447-40-7, uses and miscellaneous 7447-41-8, uses and miscellaneous 7647-15-6, uses and 7550-35-8 7647-14-5, uses and miscellaneous 7647-17-8, uses and miscellaneous 7681-11-0, uses and miscellaneous 7758-02-3 7779-88-6 miscellaneous 7681-82-5, uses and miscellaneous 7790-29-6 7789-17-5 7789-39-1 7789-41-5 7791-11-9, 7787-69-1 10325-94-7 10377-51-2 10141-05-6 10361-44-1 uses and miscellaneous 10421-48-4 11118-27-7 12027-06-4 12124-97-9 10402-29-6 12125-02-9, uses and miscellaneous 12648-47-4 13444-76-3 13770-61-1 16283-36-6 18256-98-9 18268-45-6 20936-31-6 14024-18-1 21679-46-9 22750-54-5 25215-50-3 65597-30-0 65597-31-1 65597-32-2 RL: USES (Uses)

IC

CC

ST

IT

ΙT

ΙT

IT

IT

IT

IT

(photothermog. copying compns. contg., for prepn. of electrog. masters)

57-11-4, uses and miscellaneous

RL: USES (Uses)

(photothermoq. copying compns. contq., for prepn. of electrog. masters)

RN 57-11-4 HCAPLUS

CN Octadecanoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 HO_2C^- (CH₂)₁₆-Me

- ANSWER 31 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 1999 ACS L73
- 1977:123106 HCAPLUS AN
- DN 86:123106
- TIHardenable coating composition
- Traenckner, Hans Joachim; Fuhr, Karl; Rosenkranz, Hans Juergen; Patheiger, IN Manfred; Rudolph, Hans
- PA Bayer A.-G., Ger.
- SO Ger. Offen., 43 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

.,									
DT	Patent				/				
ĽA	German				/				
FAN.	CNT 1				/				
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	ΑP	PLICATION NO.	DATE			
					/				
PΙ	DE 2534012	A1	19770217	DE	75-2/534012	19750730			
	DE 2534012	B2	19800731						
	DE 2534012	C3	19810514						
	GB 1492919	Α	19771123		3 / 16-31025	19760726			
	JP 52017515	A2	19770209	JĖ	76-88757	19760727			
	JP 59042704	B4	19841017						
	BE 844585	A1	19770128		76-169297	19760728			
	AT 350275	В	19790525	/ AT	76-5547	19760728			
	AT 7605547	A	19781015	~	. 7.6 000.6000	10760700			
	SU 679150	D	19790805		76-2386903	19760728			
	CA 1092285	A1	19801223		76-258017	19760728			
	DK 7603425	A	19770131		76-3425 76-8441	19760729			
	NL 7608441	A	19770201/ 19860801	NL	, /6-8441	19760729			
	NL 180114 NL 180114	B C	19870102						
	SE 7608557	A	19770201	C.E.	76-8557	19760729			
	SE 421706	В	19820/125	JE	. 70-0337	19700729			
	SE 421706	C	19820506						
	ES 450265	A1	197 7 1116	ES	76-450265	19760729			
	CH 625257	A	198/10915		76-9728	19760729			
	FR 2319690	A1	19 7 70225		76-23444	19760730			
	FR 2319690	B1	19800523		. , 0 23111	13.00.30			
	BR 7604986	A	•	BR	76-4986	19760730			
PRAI	DE 75-2534012								
AB	Resins with high			tion	in the form o	of coatings			
	but which can be								
) [1675-54-3] with			
	0.01-0.5 NH equi	vs. NA	3(q), hexameth	yĺen	ediamine [124-	09-4], or			
	.epsilonaminocapro/c acid [60-32-2], 0.40-0.90 carboxy equivs. acrylic								
	acid (II) [79-10-7] , and 0.09-0.50 carboxy equivs. satd. aliphatic or								
	cycloaliph. carboxy/ic acids per epoxy equiv. of I. Thus, 42.5 g NH3(g)								
	cycloaliph. carboxylic acids per epoxy equiv. of I. Thus, 42.5 g NH3(g) was introduced in 20 h into 6800 g I at 60.degree. Thiodiglycol catalyst								
	(68.4 g) was then Added and in 2 hrs 1386 g II was added and in an addnl.								
	30 min 340 g AcO	H / [64-	19-7] was added	d.	The mixt. was	stirred at			
	60.degree. until	an ac	id value of 0 v	was	observed and t	hen mixed with 0.05%			
	p-methoxyphenol	to giv	e a stabilized	res	in. Paper and	carton			
	were coated with	8-10	.mu.m high-glos	ss,	colorless, non	-yellow coatings			
	using the above/	prepa.	resin in EtOA	c or	Buoac as solv	ents,			
	benzophenone as p			30-0	o watt nign-pi	essure			
IC	Hg-vapor UV lamps	5 a5 a	drying app.						
CC	42-8 (Coatings,	Inke	and Pelated Pro	oduc	·+ e l				
CC	Section cross-re			ouuc	.03)				
ST				a: a	minated epoxy	coating; carboxylic			
51	acid modified epo		c cpony coucin	9, 4	miliacea epony	codering, carson, rro			
ΙT	Paper	· · · · · ·							
	Paperboard								
	(coatings for, radiation-crosslinkable epoxy resin derivs.								
	as)	•							
ΙT	Coating materials								
	(radiation-curable epoxy resin derivs., for paper and								
	building materials)								
IT	Paperboard								
	(chipboard, coatings for, radiation-crosslinkable epoxy resin								
	derivs. as)								
ΙT	7429-90-5, uses and miscellaneous								
	RL: USES (Uses)								
	(coatings for, radiation-crosslinkable epoxy resin derivs.								
	281								

KATHLEEN FULLER STIC LIBRARY 308-4290

as)

ΙT 60-32-2D, reaction products with bisphenol A diglycidyl ether, acrylic acid and acetic acid 64-19-7D, reaction products with bisphenol A diglycidyl ether, amines and acrylic acid 79-10-7D, reaction products with bisphenol A diglycidyl ether, amines and satd. carboxylic acids 98-89-5D, reaction products with bisphenol A diglycidyl ether, acrylic acid and ammonia 124-04-9D, reaction products with bisphenol A diglycidyl ether, acrylic acid and ammonia 124-09-4D, reaction products with bisphenol A diglycidyl ether, acrylic acid and acetic acid 149-57-5D, reaction products with bisphenol A diglycidyl ether, acrylic acid and ammonia 7664-41-7D, reaction products with bisphenol A diglycidyl ether, acrylic acid and satd. carboxylic acids RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (coatings, irradn.-crosslinkable) ΙT 1675-54-3D, reaction products with amines and satd. and unsatd. carboxylic acids RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (coatings, radiation-crosslinkable) 149-57-5D, reaction products with bisphenol A diglycidyl ether, IT acrylic acid and ammonia RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (coatings, irradn.-crosslinkable) RN 149-57-5 HCAPLUS Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl- (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN Εt n-Bu-CH-CO2H L73 ANSWER 32 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 1999 ACS ΑN 1977:56547 HCAPLUS DN 86:56547 Crosslinked polymers ΤI IN Redfarn, Cyril A. PA Engl. Brit., 6 pp. SO CODEN: BRXXAA DT Patent LA English FAN.CNT 1 KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. PATENT NO. 19/160630 GB 73-3329 GB 1441108 Α PIPliable or rigid rubbery crosslinked polymers with controllable properties, suitable for the manuf. of printing plates, were made by copolymg. a polyether/based polyurethane with HO(CH2)202CCR:CH2 (R = Me or H), and optionally with ethylhexyl alc. to provide internal plasticization, treating the product with a methacrylic monomer crosslinking agent, and curing the compn. by exposre to uv light in the presence of a photosensitizer. E.g., Adiprene L 213 400, ethylhexanol 24, and CH2:CHCO2(CH2)2OH 92 g were mixed and allowed to stand 1 week of room temp. A soln. of 0.34 g 9,10-phenanthroquinone and 0.04 g hydroguinone in 103 g CH2:CMeCO2Bu was added to the Adiprene reaction product and the sensitized compn. used to prepare a printing plate. The proportions were given of 4 Adiprenes, comonomers, and crosslinking agents to give products with hardnesses 7-110 (British Std. Softness, B. S. 2782). IC C08F283-00 38-4 (Elastomers, Including Natural Rubber) CC Section cross-reference(s): 74 printing plate urethane rubber; polyether urethane printing plate; ST hydroxyethyl acrylate urethane rubber; methacrylate crosslinking urethane

rubber; ethylhexanol plasticizer urethane rubber "IT Rubber, urethane, uses and miscellaneous RL: USES (Uses) (hydroxyethyl acrylate-modified, for photohardenable printing plates) IT Crosslinking agents (methacrylates, for acrylate-modified polyurethanes for printing plates) IT Printing plates (photohardenable compns. for, contg. hydroxyethyl acrylate- and methacrylate-modified urethane rubbers and methacrylic crosslinking agents) 818-61-1D, reaction product with polyether-based urethane rubbers IT 868-77-9D, reaction product with polyether-based urethane rubbers RL: USES (Uses) (crosslinked, for photohardenable printing plates) 79-41-4, uses and miscellaneous 97-88-1 IT RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (crosslinking agent, for hydroxyethyl acrylate-modified urethane rubbers for photohardenable printing plates) TI 80-62-6 RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (crosslinking agent, for hydroxyethylacrylate- and methacrylatemodified urethane rubbers for photohardenable printing plates) TΤ 104-76-7D, reaction product with hydroxyethyl acrylate-modified urethane rubbers RL: USES (Uses) (rubber, plasticized crosslinked, for printing plates) ΙT 104-76-7D, reaction product with hydroxyethyl acrylate-modified urethane rubbers RL: USES (Uses) (rubber, plasticized crosslinked, for printing plates) 104-76-7 HCAPLUS RN 1-Hexanol, 2-ethyl- (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN CH2-OH Et-CH-Bu-n L73 ANSWER 33 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 1999 ACS 1976:584854 HCAPLUS ΑN DN 85:184854 ΤI Photosensitive polyamide resin compositions for printing plates Yamada, Masaaki; Akama, Tadashi; Iwamoto, Masao ΙN Toray Industries, Inc., Japan PA Japan. Kokai, 5 pp. SO CODEN: JKXXAF DT Patent LA Japanese FAN.CNT 1 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE ____ ______ A2 19760317 JP 74-101958 19740906 PΙ JP 51031504 JP 54041412 B4 19791208

GΙ

ΙT

25191-90-6 RL: USES (Uses)

where $X = \frac{\text{CH}_2\text{N}(\text{CH}_2\text{CH}(\text{OH})\text{CH}_2\text{O}_2\text{CCMe} = \text{CH}_2)_2}{\text{I}}$

AB Photosensitive resin compns. consist of: (1) 100 wt. parts of a sol. polyamide resin; (2) 5-200 wt. parts of a monomer having .gtoreq.2 polymerizable unsatd. groups; and (3) 3-50 wt. parts of a C2-10 di- or trihydric alc. which may contain a NR (R = C1-4 alkyl, C1-14 hydroxyalkyl), O, CO, or CO2 linkages within the main chain. The photosensitive resin compns. have good resoln., and they yield relief images having good flexibility and good durability; hence they are useful for relief printing plate manuf. The relief images obtained with the compns. also have excellent edge sharpness. Thus, an alc.-sol. polyamide (Amiran CM 4000, from Toray) 100, I (obtained by reacting 4 moles glycidyl methacrylate with 1 mole m-xylenediamine at 50.degree. for 10 hr) 50, acrylamide 15, benzophenone 5, phenothiazine 0.02, and diethylene glycol 30 wt. parts were dissolved in EtOH (200 wt. parts) at 80.degree., the soln. was then coated on a polyester film and the resulting film was pressed on an Al plate at 160.degree. to give a photosensitive plate. The plate was then pattern exposed through a negative to a 3kW Hg lamp (at 65 cm) for 2 min, and developed with EtOH. The relief images obtained did not show any cracking during a bending test, while a control prepd. without diethylene glycol showed cracks, while the depth between the 300 .mu. wide images formed at 300 .mu. intervals was 140 .mu. vs 100 .mu. for the control. IC G03F007-02 CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic Processes) ST polyamide alc photosensitive printing plate TΥ Polyamides, uses and miscellaneous RL: PREP (Preparation) (photosensitive compns. contq. polyhydric alcs. and, for relief printing plate prepn.) Alcohols, uses and miscellaneous IT RL: PREP (Preparation) (polyhydric, photosensitive compns. contg. polyamides and, for relief printing plate prepn.) IT Printing plates (relief, photosensitive compns. contg. polyamides and polyhydric alcs. for) 79-06-1, uses and miscellaneous IT RL: USES (Uses) (photosensitive compns. contg. polyamide, diethylene glycol, and, for relief printing plate prepn.) ΙT 111-46-6, uses and miscellaneous RL: USES (Uses) (photosensitive compns. contg. polyamide, vinyl monomers, and, for relief printing plate prepn.) 92-84-2 TΨ 119-61-9, uses and miscellaneous (photosensitive compns. contg. polyamide, vinyl monomers, diethylene glycol, and, for relief printing plate prepn.) IT 40902-58-7 RL: USES (Uses) (photosensitive compns. contg. polyamides, diethylene glycol, and, for relief printing plate prepn.)

```
(photosensitive compns. contg. vinyl monomers, diethylene
        glycol, and, for relief printing plate prepn.)
     1477-55-0
IT
     RL: RCT (Reactant)
        (reaction of, with glycidyl methacrylate)
IT
     106-91-2
     RL: RCT (Reactant)
        (reaction of, with xylenediamine)
TT
     111-46-6, uses and miscellaneous
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (photosensitive compns. contg. polyamide, vinyl monomers,
        and, for relief printing plate prepn.)
     111-46-6 HCAPLUS
RN
     Ethanol, 2,2'-oxybis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
HO-CH2-CH2-O-CH2-CH2-OH
    ANSWER 34 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 1999 ACS
L73
     1975:450777 HCAPLUS
ΑN
     83:50777
DN
TI
     Photosensitive recording material
IN
     Uehara, Takeshi; Adachi, Kinichi; Shimizu, Hisao
PA
     Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd.
SO
     Japan., 5 pp.
     CODEN: JAXXAD
DT
     Patent
LA
     Japanese
FAN.CNT 1
                                           APPLICATION NO. DATE
     PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
                      ____
                                           JP 70-82321
     JP 49020214
                      B4 19740523
                                                            19700919
PΙ
GΙ
     For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.
     A photopolymerizable color-forming compn. for photog. image
AB
     prodn. which can be thermally fixed is prepd. from a vinylcarbazole deriv.
     (I; R1, R2 = H, halo, alkyl or alkoxy), a color coupler, and an org.
     halogen compd. as the photopolymn. initiator. Thus, a 0.2 mm Al sheet was
     coated with a photosensitive compn. prepd. from
     3-iodo-9-vinylcarbazole 6, .alpha.,.alpha.,.tribromoacetophenone
                                                                                  10.7
     4.7, butadiene-styrene polymer 1, triphenylphosphine 0.
     001, benzoic acid 0.001 and THF 40 parts as a 4.5 \text{ g/m}2
                                                                                    ١
    dry layer, exposed to a 75-W Xe lamp at 20 cm through a neg. film for 30
                                                                                   0.001
    sec, and heated at 140.degree. for 2 min to produce a dark green pos.
                                                                                    0,001
     image having Dmax = 1.41 and Dmin = 0.13.
IC
     G03C; G03G
                                                                                   11,701
CC
     74-4 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic Processes)
ST
     photopolymerizable vinylcarbazole halogen photog
IT
     Photography
        (photopolymerizable compn. contg. vinylcarbazole deriv. and
        org. halogen compd. for)
     21551-78-0
IT
     RL: USES (Uses)
                                                                                   0,0000
        (photopolymerizable compn. contq. halogen compd. and, for
                                                                           11701/100000
        photog. images)
IT
     7402-45-1
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (photopolymerizable compn. contq. vinylcarbazole deriv. and,
        for photog. images)
IT
     65-85-0, uses and miscellaneous
                                       603-35-0
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (photopolymerizable compn. contg. vinylcarbazole deriv., org.
        halogen compd., and, photog. images)
                          KATHLEEN FULLER STIC LIBRARY 308-4290
```